

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2010

LCO No. 5727

SB0042805727SD0

Offered by:

SEN. HARRIS, 5th Dist. REP. RITTER, 38th Dist.

SEN. DEBICELLA, 21st Dist. REP. GIEGLER, 138th Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 428

File No. 379

Cal. No. 271

"AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH RELATED STATUTES."

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the
- 2 following in lieu thereof:
- 3 "Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 19a-493 of the 2010 supplement
- 4 to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in
- 5 lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 6 (a) Upon receipt of an application for an initial license, the
- 7 Department of Public Health, subject to the provisions of section 19a-
- 8 491a, shall issue such license if, upon conducting a scheduled
- 9 inspection and investigation, [it] the department finds that the
- 10 applicant and facilities meet the requirements established under

11 section 19a-495, provided a license shall be issued to or renewed for an 12 institution, as defined in subsection (d), (e) or (f) of section 19a-490, 13 only if such institution is not otherwise required to be licensed by the 14 state. [Upon receipt of an application for an initial license to establish, 15 conduct, operate or maintain an institution, as defined in subsection 16 (d), (e) or (f) of section 19a-490, and prior to the issuance of such 17 license, the commissioner may issue a provisional license for a term 18 not to exceed twelve months upon such terms and conditions as the 19 commissioner may require.] If an institution, as defined in subsections 20 (b), [(c),] (d), (e) and (f) of section 19a-490, applies for license renewal 21 and has been certified as a provider of services by the United States 22 Department of Health and Human Services under Medicare or 23 Medicaid programs within the immediately preceding twelve-month 24 period, or if an institution, as defined in subsection (b) of section 19a-25 490, is currently certified, the commissioner or the commissioner's 26 designee may waive on renewal the inspection and investigation of 27 such facility required by this section and, in such event, any such 28 facility shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirements of section 29 19a-495 for the purposes of licensure. Such license shall be valid for 30 two years or a fraction thereof and shall terminate on March thirty-31 first, June thirtieth, September thirtieth or December thirty-first of the 32 appropriate year. A license issued pursuant to this chapter, [other than 33 a provisional license or a nursing home license,] unless sooner 34 suspended or revoked, shall be renewable biennially (1) after an 35 unscheduled inspection is conducted by the department, and (2) upon 36 the filing by the licensee, and approval by the department, of a report 37 upon such date and containing such information in such form as the 38 department prescribes and satisfactory evidence of continuing 39 compliance with requirements [, and in] established under section 19a-40 495. In the case of an institution, as defined in subsection (d) [, (e) or 41 (f)] of section 19a-490, [after inspection of such institution by the 42 department unless such institution is also certified as a provider under 43 the Medicare program and such inspection would result in more 44 frequent reviews than are required under the Medicare program for home health agencies] that is also certified as a provider under the 45

46 Medicare program, the license shall be issued for a period not to

- 47 exceed three years, to run concurrently with the certification period.
- 48 Each license shall be issued only for the premises and persons named
- 49 in the application and shall not be transferable or assignable. Licenses
- shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the licensed premises.
- Sec. 2. Section 19a-490n of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 53 (a) As used in this section, "commissioner" means the Commissioner 54 of Public Health; "department" means the Department of Public 55 Health; "healthcare associated infection" means any localized or 56 systemic condition resulting from an adverse reaction to the presence 57 of an infectious agent or its toxin that (1) occurs in a patient in a 58 healthcare setting, (2) was not found to be present or incubating at the 59 time of admission unless the infection was related to a previous 60 admission to the same health care setting, and (3) if the setting is a 61 hospital, meets the criteria for a specific infection site, as defined by the 62 National Centers for Disease Control; and "hospital" means a hospital 63 licensed under this chapter.
 - (b) There is established [a] an Advisory Committee on Healthcare Associated Infections, which shall consist of the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, and the following members appointed by the commissioner: Two members representing the Connecticut Hospital Association; two members from organizations representing health care consumers; two members who are either hospital-based infectious disease specialists or epidemiologists with demonstrated knowledge and competence in infectious disease related issues; one representative of the Connecticut State Medical Society; one representative of a labor organization representing hospital based nurses; and two public members. All appointments to the committee shall be made no later than August 1, 2006, and the committee shall convene its first meeting no later than September 1, 2006.
- 77 (c) [On or before April 1, 2007, the] <u>The Advisory</u> Committee on

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78 Healthcare Associated Infections shall:

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- 79 (1) Advise the department with respect to the development, 80 implementation, operation and monitoring of a mandatory reporting 81 system for healthcare associated infections;
 - (2) Identify, evaluate and recommend to the department appropriate standardized measures, including aggregate and facility specific reporting measures for healthcare associated infections and processes designed to prevent healthcare associated infections in hospital settings and any other healthcare settings deemed appropriate by the committee. Each such recommended measure shall, to the extent applicable to the type of measure being considered, be (A) capable of being validated, (B) based upon nationally recognized and recommended standards, to the extent such standards exist, (C) based upon competent and reliable scientific evidence, (D) protective of practitioner information and information concerning individual patients, and (E) capable of being used and easily understood by consumers; and
 - (3) Identify, evaluate and recommend to the Department of Public Health appropriate methods for increasing public awareness about effective measures to reduce the spread of infections in communities and in hospital settings and any other healthcare settings deemed appropriate by the committee.
- Sec. 3. Section 19a-490o of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 102 (a) [On or before October 1, 2007, the] The Department of Public 103 Health shall [, within available appropriations, implement] consider 104 the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Healthcare 105 Associated Infections established pursuant to section 19a-490n, as 106 amended by this act, with respect to the establishment of a mandatory 107 reporting system for healthcare associated infections [and appropriate 108 standardized measures for the reporting of data related] designed to 109 prevent healthcare associated infections.

110 (b) [On or before October 1, 2007, the] The Department of Public 111 Health shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the 112 General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public 113 health concerning the plan for [implementing] the mandatory 114 reporting system for healthcare associated infections recommended by 115 the <u>Advisory</u> Committee on Healthcare Associated Infections pursuant 116 to section 19a-490n, as amended by this act, and the status of such plan 117 implementation, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a.

- (c) On or before [October 1, 2008] May 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the joint standing committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to public health on the information collected by the department pursuant to the mandatory reporting system for healthcare associated infections established under subsection (a) of this section, in accordance with the provisions of section 11-4a. Such report shall be posted on the department's Internet web site and made available to the public.
- Sec. 4. Subsection (e) of section 19a-490b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 130 (e) Each institution licensed pursuant to this chapter that ceases to 131 operate shall, at the time it relinquishes its license to the department, 132 provide to the department a certified document specifying: [the] (1) 133 The location at which patient health records will be stored; [and] (2) 134 the procedure that has been established for patients, former patients or 135 their authorized representatives to secure access to such health 136 records; (3) provisions for storage, should the storage location cease to 137 operate or change ownership; and (4) that the department is 138 authorized to enforce the certified document should the storage 139 location cease to operate or change ownership. An institution that fails 140 to comply with the terms of a certified document provided to the 141 department in accordance with this subsection shall be assessed a civil 142 penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars per day for each day of

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- 143 <u>noncompliance with the terms of the certified agreement.</u>
- Sec. 5. Section 20-7c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 146 (a) For purposes of this section, "provider" has the same meaning as 147 provided in section 20-7b.
 - (b) (1) A provider, except as provided in section 4-194, shall supply to a patient upon request complete and current information possessed by that provider concerning any diagnosis, treatment and prognosis of the patient. (2) A provider shall notify a patient of any test results in the provider's possession or requested by the provider for the purposes of diagnosis, treatment or prognosis of such patient.
 - (c) Upon a written request of a patient, a patient's attorney or authorized representative, or pursuant to a written authorization, a provider, except as provided in section 4-194, shall furnish to the person making such request a copy of the patient's health record, including but not limited to, bills, x-rays and copies of laboratory reports, contact lens specifications based on examinations and final contact lens fittings given within the preceding three months or such longer period of time as determined by the provider but no longer than six months, records of prescriptions and other technical information used in assessing the patient's health condition. No provider shall refuse to return to a patient original records or copies of records that the patient has brought to the provider from another provider. When returning records to a patient, a provider may retain copies of such records for the provider's file, provided such provider does not charge the patient for the costs incurred in copying such <u>records.</u> No provider shall charge more than sixty-five cents per page, including any research fees, handling fees or related costs, and the cost of first class postage, if applicable, for furnishing a health record pursuant to this subsection, except such provider may charge a patient the amount necessary to cover the cost of materials for furnishing a copy of an x-ray, provided no such charge shall be made for furnishing

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a health record or part thereof to a patient, a patient's attorney or 175 176 authorized representative if the record or part thereof is necessary for 177 the purpose of supporting a claim or appeal under any provision of the 178 Social Security Act and the request is accompanied by documentation 179 of the claim or appeal. A provider shall furnish a health record 180 requested pursuant to this section within thirty days of the request. No 181 health care provider, who has purchased or assumed the practice of a 182 provider who is retiring or deceased, may refuse to return original 183 records or copied records to a patient who decides not to seek care from the successor provider. When returning records to a patient who 184 185 has decided not to seek care from a successor provider, such provider 186 may not charge a patient for costs incurred in copying the records of the retired or deceased provider. 187

- (d) If a provider reasonably determines that the information is detrimental to the physical or mental health of the patient, or is likely to cause the patient to harm himself or another, the provider may withhold the information from the patient. The information may be supplied to an appropriate third party or to another provider who may release the information to the patient. If disclosure of information is refused by a provider under this subsection, any person aggrieved thereby may, within thirty days of such refusal, petition the superior court for the judicial district in which such person resides for an order requiring the provider to disclose the information. Such a proceeding shall be privileged with respect to assignment for trial. The court, after hearing and an in camera review of the information in question, shall issue the order requested unless it determines that such disclosure would be detrimental to the physical or mental health of the person or is likely to cause the person to harm himself or another.
- 203 (e) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any information 204 relative to any psychiatric or psychological problems or conditions.
- 205 (f) In the event that a provider abandons his or her practice, the 206 Commissioner of Public Health may appoint a licensed health care 207 provider to be the keeper of the records, who shall be responsible for

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disbursing the original records to the provider's patients, upon the request of any such patient.

- Sec. 6. Section 19a-498 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (a) Subject to the provisions of section 19a-493, <u>as amended by this</u>
 act, the Department of Public Health shall make or cause to be made a
 biennial licensure inspection of all institutions and such other
 inspections and investigations of institutions and examination of their
 records as the department deems necessary.
- 218 (b) The commissioner, or an agent authorized by the commissioner 219 to conduct any inquiry, investigation or hearing under the provisions 220 of this chapter, shall have power to inspect the premises of an 221 institution, issue subpoenas, order the production of books, records or 222 documents, administer oaths and take testimony under oath relative to 223 the matter of <u>such</u> inquiry, [or] investigation <u>or hearing</u>. At any 224 hearing ordered by the department, the commissioner or such agent 225 may subpoena witnesses and require the production of records, papers 226 and documents pertinent to such inquiry. If any person disobeys such 227 subpoena or, having appeared in obedience thereto, refuses to answer 228 any pertinent question put to such person by the commissioner or such 229 agent or to produce any records and papers pursuant to the subpoena, 230 the commissioner or such agent may apply to the superior court for the 231 judicial district of Hartford or for the judicial district wherein the 232 person resides or wherein the business has been conducted, setting 233 forth such disobedience or refusal, and said court shall cite such 234 person to appear before said court to answer such question or to 235 produce such records and papers.
 - (c) The Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services, with respect to any mental health facility or alcohol or drug treatment facility, shall be authorized, either upon the request of the Commissioner of Public Health or at such other times as they deem

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necessary, to enter such facility for the purpose of inspecting programs conducted at such facility. A written report of the findings of any such inspection shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Public Health and a copy shall be maintained in such facility's licensure file.

(d) In addition, when the Commissioner of Social Services deems it necessary, said commissioner, or a designated representative of said commissioner, may examine and audit the financial records of any nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, or any nursing facility management services certificate holder, as defined in section 19a-561, as amended by this act. Each [such] nursing home facility and nursing facility management services certificate holder shall retain all financial information, data and records relating to the operation of the nursing home facility for a period of not less than ten years, and all financial information, data and records relating to any real estate transactions affecting such operation, for a period of not less than twenty-five years, which financial information, data and records shall be made available, upon request, to the Commissioner of Social Services or such designated representative at all reasonable times. <u>In</u> connection with any inquiry, examination or investigation, the commissioner or the commissioner's designated representative may issue subpoenas, order the production of books, records and documents, administer oaths and take testimony under oath. The Attorney General, upon request of said commissioner or the commissioner's designated representative, may apply to the Superior Court to enforce any such subpoena or order.

Sec. 7. Section 19a-503 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

Notwithstanding the existence or pursuit of any other remedy, the Department of Public Health may, in the manner provided by law and upon the advice of the Attorney General, conduct an investigation and maintain an action in the name of the state for injunction or other process against any person or governmental unit to restrain or prevent the establishment, conduct, management or operation of an institution

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or nursing facility management services, without a license or certificate
 under this chapter.

Sec. 8. Section 19a-528a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

For any application of licensure for the acquisition of a nursing home filed after July 1, 2004, any potential nursing home licensee or owner [must] shall submit in writing, a change in ownership application with respect to the facility for which the change in ownership is sought. Such application shall include such information as the Commissioner of Public Health deems necessary and whether such potential nursing home licensee or owner (1) has had three or more civil penalties imposed through final order of the commissioner in accordance with the provisions of sections 19a-524 to 19a-528, inclusive, or civil penalties imposed pursuant to the statutes or regulations of another state, during [a] the two-year period preceding the application, (2) has had in any state [intermediate] sanctions, other than civil penalties of less than twenty thousand dollars, imposed through final adjudication under the Medicare or Medicaid program pursuant to Title XVIII or XIX of the federal Social Security Act, 42 USC 301, as from time to time amended, or (3) has had in any state such potential licensee's or owner's Medicare or Medicaid provider agreement terminated or not renewed. [, shall not] In the event that a potential nursing home licensee or owner's application contains information concerning civil penalties, sanctions, terminations or nonrenewals, as described in this section, the commissioner shall not approve the application to acquire another nursing home in this state for a period of five years from the date of final order on such civil penalties, final adjudication of such [intermediate] sanctions, or termination or nonrenewal, except for good cause shown. [Notwithstanding, the provisions of this section, the Commissioner of Public Health, may for good cause shown, permit a potential nursing home licensee or owner to acquire another nursing home prior to the expiration of said five-year period.

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Sec. 9. Section 19a-561 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

- (a) As used in this section, "nursing facility management services" means services provided in a nursing facility to manage the operations of such facility, including the provision of care and services and "nursing facility management services certificate holder" means a person or entity certified by the Department of Public Health to provide nursing facility management services.
 - (b) [On and after January 1, 2007, no] <u>No</u> person or entity shall provide nursing facility management services in this state without obtaining a certificate from the Department of Public Health.
 - (c) Any person or entity seeking a certificate to provide nursing facility management services shall apply to the department, in writing, on a form prescribed by the department. Such application shall include the following: [information:]
 - (1) (A) The name and business address of the applicant and whether the applicant is an individual, partnership, corporation or other legal entity; (B) if the applicant is a partnership, corporation or other legal entity, the names of the officers, directors, trustees, managing and general partners of the applicant, the names of the persons who have a ten per cent or greater beneficial ownership interest in the partnership, corporation or other legal entity, and a description of each such person's relationship to the applicant; (C) if the applicant is a corporation incorporated in another state, a certificate of good standing from the state agency with jurisdiction over corporations in such state; and (D) if the applicant currently provides nursing facility management services in another state, a certificate of good standing from the licensing agency with jurisdiction over public health for each state in which such services are provided;
- 335 (2) A description of the applicant's nursing facility management 336 experience;

(3) An affidavit signed by the applicant and any of the persons described in subparagraph (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection disclosing any matter in which the applicant or such person (A) has been convicted of an offense classified as a felony under section 53a-25 or pleaded nolo contendere to a felony charge, or (B) has been held liable or enjoined in a civil action by final judgment, if the felony or civil action involved fraud, embezzlement, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of property, or (C) is subject to a currently effective injunction or restrictive or remedial order of a court of record at the time of application, or (D) within the past five years has had any state or federal license or permit suspended or revoked as a result of an action brought by a governmental agency or department, arising out of or relating to business activity or health care, including, but not limited to, actions affecting the operation of a nursing facility, residential care home or any facility subject to sections 17b-520 to 17b-535, inclusive, or a similar statute in another state or country; and

- (4) The location and description of any nursing facility <u>in this state</u> <u>or another state</u> in which the applicant currently provides management services or has provided such services within the past five years.
 - (d) In addition to the information provided pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the department may reasonably request to review the applicant's audited and certified financial statements, which shall remain the property of the applicant when used for either initial or renewal certification under this section.
 - (e) Each application for a certificate to provide nursing facility management services shall be accompanied by an application fee of three hundred dollars. The certificate shall list each location at which nursing facility management services may be provided by the holder of the certificate.
- 367 (f) The department shall base its decision on whether to issue or 368 renew a certificate on the information presented to the department and

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on the compliance status of the managed entities. The department may deny certification to any applicant for the provision of nursing facility management services (1) at any specific facility or facilities where there has been a substantial failure to comply with the Public Health Code, or (2) if the applicant fails to provide the information required under subdivision (1) of subsection (c) of this section.

- (g) Renewal applications shall be made biennially after (1) submission of the information required by subsection (c) of this section and any other information required by the department pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, and (2) submission of evidence satisfactory to the department that any nursing facility at which the applicant provides nursing facility management services is in substantial compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the Public Health Code and licensing regulations, and (3) payment of a three-hundred-dollar fee.
- (h) In any case in which the Commissioner of Public Health finds that there has been a substantial failure to comply with the requirements established under this section, the commissioner may initiate disciplinary action against a nursing facility management services certificate holder pursuant to section 19a-494.
- (i) The department may limit or restrict the provision of management services by any nursing facility management services certificate holder against whom disciplinary action has been initiated under subsection (h) of this section.
- (j) The department, in implementing the provisions of this section,
 may conduct any inquiry or investigation, in accordance with the
 provisions of section 19a-498, as amended by this act, regarding an
 applicant or certificate holder.
- 397 (k) Any person or entity providing nursing facility management 398 services without the certificate required under this section shall be 399 subject to a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars for 400 each day that the services are provided without such certificate.

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Sec. 10. Subsection (b) of section 19a-491 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(b) If any person acting individually or jointly with any other person [shall own] owns real property or any improvements thereon, upon or within which an institution, as defined in subsection (c) of section 19a-490, is established, conducted, operated or maintained and is not the licensee of the institution, such person shall submit a copy of the lease agreement to the department at the time of any change of ownership and with each license renewal application. The lease agreement shall, at a minimum, identify the person or entity responsible for the maintenance and repair of all buildings and structures within which such an institution is established, conducted or operated. If a violation is found as a result of an inspection or investigation, the commissioner may require the owner to sign a consent order providing assurances that repairs or improvements necessary for compliance with the provisions of the Public Health Code shall be completed within a specified period of time or may assess a civil penalty of not more than one thousand dollars for each day that such owner is in violation of the Public Health Code or a consent order. A consent order may include a provision for the establishment of a temporary manager of such real property who has the authority to complete any repairs or improvements required by such order. Upon request of the Commissioner of Public Health, the Attorney General may petition the Superior Court for such equitable and injunctive relief as such court deems appropriate to ensure compliance with the provisions of a consent order. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any property or improvements owned by a person licensed in accordance with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section to establish, conduct, operate or maintain an institution on or within such property or improvements.

Sec. 11. Subsection (a) of section 20-114 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective*

434 *October* 1, 2010):

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(a) The Dental Commission may take any of the actions set forth in section 19a-17 for any of the following causes: (1) The presentation to the department of any diploma, license or certificate illegally or fraudulently obtained, or obtained from an institution that is not reputable or from an unrecognized or irregular institution or state board, or obtained by the practice of any fraud or deception; (2) proof that a practitioner has become unfit or incompetent or has been guilty of cruelty, incompetence, negligence or indecent conduct toward patients; (3) conviction of the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter by any court of criminal jurisdiction, provided no action shall be taken under section 19a-17 because of such conviction if any appeal to a higher court has been filed until the appeal has been determined by the higher court and the conviction sustained; (4) the employment of any unlicensed person for other than mechanical purposes in the practice of dental medicine or dental surgery subject to the provisions of section 20-122a; (5) the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or of the regulations adopted hereunder or the refusal to comply with any of said provisions or regulations; (6) the aiding or abetting in the practice of dentistry, dental medicine or dental hygiene of a person not licensed to practice dentistry, dental medicine or dental hygiene in this state; (7) designating a limited practice, except as provided in section 20-106a; (8) engaging in fraud or material deception in the course of professional activities; (9) the effects of physical or mental illness, emotional disorder or loss of motor skill, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, upon the license holder; (10) abuse or excessive use of drugs, including alcohol, narcotics or chemicals; (11) failure to comply with the continuing education requirements set forth in section 20-126c, as amended by this act; (12) failure of a holder of a dental anesthesia or conscious sedation permit to successfully complete an on-site evaluation conducted pursuant to subsection (c) of section 20-123b; [or] (13) failure to provide information to the Department of Public Health required to complete a health care provider profile, as set forth in section 20-13j; or (14) failure to maintain professional liability insurance or other indemnity against liability for professional

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470 malpractice as provided in section 20-126d. A violation of any of the 471 provisions of this chapter by any unlicensed employee in the practice 472 of dentistry or dental hygiene, with the knowledge of the employer, 473 shall be deemed a violation by the employer. The Commissioner of 474 Public Health may order a license holder to submit to a reasonable 475 physical or mental examination if his or her physical or mental 476 capacity to practice safely is the subject of an investigation. Said 477 commissioner may petition the superior court for the judicial district of 478 Hartford to enforce such order or any action taken pursuant to section 479 19a-17.

Sec. 12. Section 20-29 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

The Board of Chiropractic Examiners may take any of the actions set forth in section 19a-17 for any of the following reasons: The employment of fraud or deception in obtaining a license, habitual intemperance in the use of ardent spirits, narcotics or stimulants to such an extent as to incapacitate the user for the performance of professional duties, violation of any provisions of this chapter or regulations adopted hereunder, engaging in fraud or material deception in the course of professional services or activities, physical or mental illness, emotional disorder or loss of motor skill, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, illegal, incompetent or negligent conduct in the practice of chiropractic, failure to maintain professional liability insurance or other indemnity against liability for professional malpractice as provided in subsection (a) of section 20-28b, failure to comply with the continuing education requirements as set forth in section 20-32, or failure to provide information to the Department of Public Health required to complete a health care provider profile, as set forth in section 20-13j. Any practitioner against whom any of the foregoing grounds for action under said section 19a-17 are presented to said board shall be furnished with a copy of the complaint and shall have a hearing before said board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the regulations established by the Commissioner of Public Health. Said

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board may, at any time within two years of such action, by a majority vote, rescind such action. The Commissioner of Public Health may order a license holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if his physical or mental capacity to practice safely is the subject of an investigation. Said commissioner may petition the superior court for the judicial district of Hartford to enforce such order or any action taken pursuant to section 19a-17.

Sec. 13. Subsection (c) of section 20-27 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(c) The Department of Public Health may grant a license without written examination to any currently practicing, competent licensee from any other state having licensure requirements substantially similar to, or higher than, those of this state, who (1) is a graduate of an accredited school of chiropractic approved by said board with the consent of the Commissioner of Public Health, (2) presents evidence satisfactory to the department that he has completed a course of two academic years or sixty semester hours of study in a college or scientific school approved by the board with the consent of the Commissioner of Public Health, and (3) successfully passes the practical examination provided for in subsection (a) of section 20-28. <u>In</u> addition, the department may issue a license without written or practical examination to a chiropractor who holds a current valid license in good standing issued after examination by another state or territory that maintains licensing standards that, except for examination, are commensurate with this state's standards and who has worked continuously as a licensed chiropractor in an academic or clinical setting for a period of not less than five years immediately preceding the date of application for licensure without examination. There shall be paid to the department by each such applicant a fee of five hundred sixty-five dollars. No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint. The department shall inform the board of the applications it receives for

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- 538 licenses under this section.
- Sec. 14. Subsection (c) of section 20-206bb of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 542 (c) An applicant for licensure as an acupuncturist by endorsement 543 shall present evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of licensure or 544 certification as an acupuncturist, or as a person entitled to perform 545 similar services under a different designation, in another state or 546 jurisdiction whose requirements for practicing in such capacity are 547 [substantially similar] equivalent to or higher than those of this state 548 and that there are no disciplinary actions or unresolved complaints 549 pending. Any person completing the requirements of this section in a 550 language other than English shall be deemed to have satisfied the 551 requirements of this section.
- Sec. 15. Section 20-236 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
 - (a) (1) Any person desiring to obtain a license as a barber shall apply in writing on forms furnished by the Department of Public Health and shall pay to the department a fee of one hundred dollars. The department shall not issue a license until the applicant has made written application to the department, setting forth by affidavit that the applicant has (A) successfully completed the eighth grade, (B) completed a course of not less than [fifteen hundred] one thousand hours of study in a school approved in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, or, if trained outside of Connecticut, in a barber school or college whose requirements are equivalent to those of a Connecticut barber school or college, and (C) passed a written examination satisfactory to the department. Examinations required for licensure under this chapter shall be prescribed by the department with the advice and assistance of the board. The department shall establish a passing score for examinations required under this chapter with the

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advice and assistance of the board. <u>No license issued in accordance</u> with the provisions of this chapter may be assigned or transferred to another person.

- (2) Any person who [(A)] holds a license at the time of application to practice the occupation of barbering in any other state, the District of Columbia or in a commonwealth or territory of the United States, [(B) has completed not less than fifteen hundred hours of formal education and training in barbering, and (C)] and was issued such license on the basis of successful completion of a program of education and training in barbering and an examination, shall be eligible for licensing in this state and entitled to a license without examination upon payment of a fee of one hundred dollars. [Applicants who trained in another state, district, commonwealth or territory which required less than fifteen hundred hours of formal education and training, may substitute no more than five hundred hours of licensed work experience in such other state, district, commonwealth or territory toward meeting the training requirement.]
- (3) Any person who holds a license to practice the occupation of barbering in any other state, the District of Columbia, or in a commonwealth or territory of the United States, and has held such license for a period of not less than forty years, shall be eligible for licensure without examination. No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint.
- (b) (1) Barber schools shall obtain approval pursuant to this section prior to commencing operation. In the event that an approved school undergoes a change of ownership or location, such approval shall become void and the school shall apply for a new approval pursuant to this section. Applications for such approval shall be on forms prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health. In the event that a school fails to comply with the provisions of this subsection, no credit toward the [fifteen hundred] one thousand hours of study required pursuant to subsection (a) of this section shall be granted to any

student for instruction received prior to the effective date of school approval.

- 605 (2) The Commissioner of Public Health, in consultation with the 606 Connecticut Examining Board for Barbers, Hairdressers and Cosmeticians, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the 607 608 provisions of chapter 54, to prescribe minimum curriculum 609 requirements for barber schools. The commissioner, in consultation 610 with said board, may adopt a curriculum and procedures for the 611 approval of barber schools, provided the commissioner prints notice of 612 intent to adopt regulations concerning the adoption of a curriculum and procedures for the approval of barber schools in the Connecticut 613 614 Law Journal not later than thirty days after the date of implementation of such curriculum and such procedures. The curriculum and 615 616 procedures implemented pursuant to this section shall be valid until 617 such time final regulations are adopted.
- Sec. 16. Section 20-262 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2011*):
- 620 (a) Schools for instruction in hairdressing and cosmetology may be 621 established in this state. All applicants for a license as a registered 622 hairdresser shall have graduated from a school of hairdressing 623 approved by the board with the consent of the Commissioner of Public 624 Health. All hairdressing schools may be inspected regarding their 625 sanitary conditions by the Department of Public Health whenever the 626 department deems it necessary and any authorized representative of 627 the department shall have full power to enter and inspect the school 628 during usual business hours. If any school, upon inspection, is found 629 to be in an unsanitary condition, the commissioner or his designee 630 shall make written order that such school be placed in a sanitary 631 condition.
 - (b) (1) Schools for instruction in hairdressing and cosmetology shall obtain approval pursuant to this section prior to commencing operation. In the event that an approved school undergoes a change of

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635 ownership or location, such approval shall become void and the school 636 shall apply for a new approval pursuant to this section. Applications 637 for such approval shall be on forms prescribed by the commissioner. In 638 the event that a school fails to comply with the provisions of this 639 subsection, no credit toward the fifteen hundred hours of study 640 required pursuant to section 20-252 shall be granted to any student for 641 instruction received prior to the effective date of school approval.

- (2) The Commissioner of Public Health, in consultation with the 642 Connecticut Examining Board for Barbers, Hairdressers Cosmeticians, shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to prescribe minimum curriculum requirements for hairdressing and cosmetology schools. The commissioner, in consultation with said board, may adopt a curriculum and procedures for the approval of hairdressing and cosmetology schools, provided the commissioner prints notice of intent to adopt regulations concerning the adoption of a curriculum and procedures for the approval of hairdressing and cosmetology schools in the Connecticut Law Journal not later than thirty days after the date of implementation of such curriculum and such procedures. The curriculum and procedures implemented pursuant to this section shall be valid until such time final regulations are adopted.
- 656 Sec. 17. Section 19a-513 of the 2010 supplement to the general 657 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof 658 (Effective October 1, 2010):

In order to be eligible for licensure by endorsement pursuant to sections 19a-511 to 19a-520, inclusive, a person shall submit an application for endorsement licensure on a form provided by the department, together with a fee of two hundred dollars, and meet the following requirements: (1) [Have completed preparation in another jurisdiction equal to that required in this state; (2) hold a Hold a current license in good standing as a nursing home administrator [by examination in another state that was issued on the basis of holding, at a minimum, a baccalaureate degree and having passed the

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668 examination required for licensure in such state; and [(3) be a currently 669 practicing competent practitioner in a state whose licensure 670 requirements are substantially similar to or higher than those of this 671 state] (2) have practiced as a licensed nursing home administrator for 672 not less than twelve months within the twenty-four-month period 673 preceding the date of the application. No license shall be issued under 674 this section to any applicant against whom disciplinary action is 675 pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint.

- Sec. 18. Subsection (a) of section 20-87a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective* October 1, 2010):
- 679 (a) The practice of nursing by a registered nurse is defined as the 680 process of diagnosing human responses to actual or potential health 681 problems, providing supportive and restorative care, health counseling 682 and teaching, case finding and referral, collaborating in the 683 implementation of the total health care regimen, and executing the 684 medical regimen under the direction of a licensed physician, dentist or 685 advanced practice registered nurse. A registered nurse may also 686 execute orders issued by licensed physician assistants, podiatrists and 687 optometrists, provided such orders do not exceed the nurse's or the 688 ordering practitioner's scope of practice.
- Sec. 19. Section 19a-14 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is amended by adding subsection (e) as follows (*Effective October 1*, 2010):
- 692 (NEW) (e) The department shall not issue a license to any applicant 693 against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the 694 subject of an unresolved complaint with the professional licensing 695 authority in another jurisdiction.
- Sec. 20. Section 19a-14 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(a) The Department of Public Health shall have the following powers and duties with regard to the boards and commissions listed in subsection (b) which are within the Department of Public Health. The department shall:

- 703 (1) Control the allocation, disbursement and budgeting of funds 704 appropriated to the department for the operation of the boards and 705 commissions;
- 706 (2) Employ and assign such personnel as the commissioner deems 707 necessary for the performance of the functions of the boards and 708 commissions;
- 709 (3) Perform all management functions including purchasing, 710 bookkeeping, accounting, payroll, secretarial, clerical and routine 711 housekeeping functions;
- 712 (4) Adopt, with the advice and assistance of the appropriate board 713 or commission, and in accordance with chapter 54, any regulations 714 which are consistent with protecting the public health and safety and 715 which are necessary to implement the purposes of subsection (a) of 716 section 2c-2b, this chapter, and chapters 368v, 369 to 375, inclusive, 378 717 to 381, inclusive, 383 to 388, inclusive, 398 and 399;
 - (5) Develop and perform all administrative functions necessary to process applications for licenses and certificates;
 - (6) Determine the eligibility of all applicants for permits, licensure, certification or registration, based upon compliance with the general statutes and administrative regulations. The department may deny the eligibility of an applicant for a permit or for licensure by examination, endorsement, reciprocity or for reinstatement of a license voided pursuant to subsection (f) of section 19a-88, or may issue a license pursuant to a consent order containing conditions that must be met by the applicant if the department determines that the applicant:
- 728 (A) Has failed to comply with the general statutes and

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- 729 administrative regulations governing his profession;
- (B) Has been found guilty or convicted as a result of an act which constitutes a felony under (i) the laws of this state, (ii) federal law or (iii) the laws of another jurisdiction and which, if committed within this state, would have constituted a felony under the laws of this state;
- (C) Is subject to a pending disciplinary action or unresolved complaint before the duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of any state, the District of Columbia, a United States possession or territory, or a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (D) Has been subject to disciplinary action similar to an action specified in subsection (a) of section 19a-17 by a duly authorized professional disciplinary agency of any state, the District of Columbia, a United States possession or territory, or a foreign jurisdiction;
 - (E) Has committed an act which, if the applicant were licensed, would not conform to the accepted standards of practice of the profession, including but not limited to, incompetence, negligence, fraud or deceit; illegal conduct; procuring or attempting to procure a license, certificate or registration by fraud or deceit; or engaging in, aiding or abetting unlicensed practice of a regulated profession, provided the commissioner, or his designee, gives notice and holds a hearing, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, prior to denying an application for a permit or a license based on this subparagraph; or
 - (F) Has a condition which would interfere with the practice of his profession, including, but not limited to, physical illness or loss of skill or deterioration due to the aging process, emotional disorder or mental illness, abuse or excessive use of drugs or alcohol, provided the commissioner, or his designee, gives notice and holds a hearing in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, prior to denying an application for a permit or a license based on this subparagraph;
- 759 (7) Administer licensing examinations under the supervision of the

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- appropriate board or commission;
- 761 (8) Develop and perform all administrative functions necessary to process complaints against persons licensed by the department;
- 763 (9) Consent to the approval or disapproval by the appropriate 764 boards or commissions of schools at which educational requirements 765 shall be met;
- 766 (10) Conduct any necessary review, inspection or investigation 767 regarding qualifications of applicants for licenses or certificates, 768 possible violations of statutes or regulations, and disciplinary matters. 769 In connection with any investigation, the Commissioner of Public 770 Health or said commissioner's authorized agent may administer oaths, 771 issue subpoenas, compel testimony and order the production of books, 772 records and documents. If any person refuses to appear, to testify or to 773 produce any book, record or document when so ordered, a judge of 774 the Superior Court may make such order as may be appropriate to aid 775 in the enforcement of this section;
- 776 (11) Conduct any necessary investigation and follow-up in 777 connection with complaints regarding persons subject to regulation or 778 licensing by the department;
- 779 (12) Perform any other function necessary to the effective operation 780 of a board or commission and not specifically vested by statute in the 781 board or commission;
- 782 (13) Contract with a third party, if the commissioner deems 783 necessary, to administer licensing examinations and perform all 784 attendant administrative functions in connection with such 785 examination; and
- 786 (14) With respect to any investigation of a person subject to 787 regulation, licensing or certification by the department and in any 788 disciplinary proceeding regarding such person, except as required by 789 federal law:

790 (A) Not be denied access to or use of copies of patient medical

- 791 records on the grounds that privilege or confidentiality applies to such
- 792 <u>records; and</u>
- 793 (B) Not further disclose patient medical records received pursuant
- 794 to the provisions of this subdivision. Patient records received pursuant
- 795 to this subdivision shall not be subject to disclosure under section 1-
- 796 210.
- 797 (b) The department shall have the powers and duties indicated in
- 798 subsection (a) of this section with regard to the following professional
- 799 boards and commissions:
- 800 (1) The Connecticut Medical Examining Board, established under
- 801 section 20-8a;
- 802 (2) The Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Optometrists,
- 803 established under subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 20-128a;
- 804 (3) The Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Nursing,
- 805 established under section 20-88;
- 806 (4) The Dental Commission, established under section 20-103a;
- 807 (5) The Board of Examiners of Psychologists, established under
- 808 section 20-186;
- 809 (6) The Connecticut Board of Veterinary Medicine, established
- 810 under section 20-196;
- 811 (7) The Connecticut Homeopathic Medical Examining Board,
- 812 established under section 20-8;
- 813 (8) The Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Opticians,
- established under subsections (a) to (c), inclusive, of section 20-139a;
- 815 (9) The Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Barbers and
- 816 Hairdressers and Cosmeticians, established under section 20-235a;

817 818	(10) The Connecticut Board of Examiners of Embalmers and Funeral Directors established under section 20-208;
819	(11) Repealed by P.A. 99-102, S. 51;
820 821	(12) The State Board of Natureopathic Examiners, established under section 20-35;
822 823	(13) The State Board of Chiropractic Examiners, established under section 20-25;
824 825	(14) The Connecticut Board of Examiners in Podiatry, established under section 20-51;
826 827	(15) The Board of Examiners of Electrologists, established under section 20-268; and
828 829	(16) The Connecticut State Board of Examiners for Physical Therapists.
830 831	(c) No board shall exist for the following professions that are licensed or otherwise regulated by the Department of Public Health:
832	(1) Speech and language pathologist and audiologist;
833	(2) Hearing instrument specialist;
834	(3) Nursing home administrator;
835	(4) Sanitarian;
836	(5) Subsurface sewage system installer or cleaner;
837	(6) Marital and family therapist;
838	(7) Nurse-midwife;
839	(8) Licensed clinical social worker;
840	(9) Respiratory care practitioner;

841	(10) Asbestos contractor and asbestos consultant;
842	(11) Massage therapist;
843	(12) Registered nurse's aide;
844	(13) Radiographer;
845	(14) Dental hygienist;
846	(15) Dietitian-Nutritionist;
847	(16) Asbestos abatement worker;
848	(17) Asbestos abatement site supervisor;
849	(18) Licensed or certified alcohol and drug counselor;
850	(19) Professional counselor;
851	(20) Acupuncturist;
852	(21) Occupational therapist and occupational therapist assistant;
853 854 855	(22) Lead abatement contractor, lead consultant contractor, lead consultant, lead abatement supervisor, lead abatement worker inspector and planner-project designer;
856 857 858	(23) Emergency medical technician, advanced emergency medical technician, emergency medical responder and emergency medical services instructor;
859	(24) Paramedic;
860	(25) Athletic trainer;
861	(26) Perfusionist; and
862 863	(27) On and after July 1, 2011, a radiologist assistant, subject to the provisions of section 20-74tt.

The department shall assume all powers and duties normally vested with a board in administering regulatory jurisdiction over such professions. The uniform provisions of this chapter and chapters 368v, 369 to 381a, inclusive, 383 to 388, inclusive, 393a, 395, 398, 399, 400a and 400c, including, but not limited to, standards for entry and renewal; grounds for professional discipline; receiving and processing complaints; and disciplinary sanctions, shall apply, except as otherwise provided by law, to the professions listed in this subsection.

- (d) Except as provided in <u>subdivision</u> (14) of <u>subsection</u> (a) of this <u>section</u> and section 20-13e, all records obtained by the department in connection with any investigation of a person or facility over which the department has jurisdiction under this chapter, other than a physician as defined in subdivision (5) of section 20-13a, shall not be subject to disclosure under section 1-210 for a period of one year from the date of the petition or other event initiating such investigation, or until such time as the investigation is terminated pursuant to a withdrawal or other informal disposition or until a hearing is convened pursuant to chapter 54, whichever is earlier. A complaint, as defined in subdivision (6) of section 19a-13, shall be subject to the provisions of section 1-210 from the time that it is served or mailed to the respondent. Records which are otherwise public records shall not be deemed confidential merely because they have been obtained in connection with an investigation under this chapter.
- Sec. 21. Subsection (b) of section 20-126c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for registration periods beginning on and after October 1, 2007, a licensee applying for license renewal shall earn a minimum of twenty-five contact hours of continuing education within the preceding twenty-four-month period. Such continuing education shall (1) be in an area of the licensee's practice; (2) reflect the professional needs of the licensee in order to meet the health care needs of the public; and (3) <u>include the topics</u>

897 required pursuant to this subdivision. For registration periods ending 898 on or before September 30, 2011, such topics shall include at least one 899 contact hour of training or education in each of the following topics: 900 (A) Infectious diseases, including, but not limited to, acquired immune 901 deficiency syndrome and human immunodeficiency virus, (B) access 902 to care, (C) risk management, (D) care of special needs patients, and (E) 903 domestic violence, including sexual abuse. For registration periods 904 beginning on and after October 1, 2011, the Commissioner of Public 905 Health, in consultation with the Dental Commission, shall on or before 906 October 1, 2010, and biennially thereafter, issue a list that includes not 907 more than five mandatory topics for continuing education activities 908 that will be required for the following two-year registration period. 909 Qualifying continuing education activities include, but are not limited 910 to, courses, including on-line courses, offered or approved by the 911 American Dental Association or state, district or local dental 912 associations and societies affiliated with the American Dental Association; national, state, district or local dental specialty 913 914 organizations or the American Academy of General Dentistry; a 915 hospital or other health care institution; dental schools and other 916 schools of higher education accredited or recognized by the Council on 917 Dental Accreditation or a regional accrediting organization; agencies 918 or businesses whose programs are accredited or recognized by the 919 Council on Dental Accreditation; local, state or national medical 920 associations; a state or local health department; or the Accreditation 921 Council for Graduate Medical Education. Eight hours of volunteer 922 dental practice at a public health facility, as defined in section 20-126l, 923 may be substituted for one contact hour of continuing education, up to 924 a maximum of ten contact hours in one twenty-four-month period.

- Sec. 22. Subdivision (5) of subsection (a) of section 19a-904 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 928 (5) "Emergency medical technician" means any class of emergency 929 medical technician certified under regulations adopted pursuant to 930 section 19a-179, including, but not limited to, any [emergency medical

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technician-intermediate] <u>emergency medical technician</u> or [medical response technician] emergency medical responder;

- 933 Sec. 23. Subsection (f) of section 19a-180 of the 2010 supplement to
- 934 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 935 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 936 (f) Each licensed or certified ambulance service shall secure and
- maintain medical oversight, as defined in section [19a-179] 19a-175, as
- 938 amended by this act, by a sponsor hospital, as defined in section [19a-
- 939 179] 19a-175, as amended by this act, for all its emergency medical
- 940 personnel, whether such personnel are employed by the ambulance
- 941 service or a management service.
- 942 Sec. 24. Section 19a-175 of the 2010 supplement to the general
- 943 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 944 (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- As used in this chapter <u>and section 25 of this act</u>, unless the context
- otherwise requires:
- 947 (1) "Emergency medical service system" means a system which
- 948 provides for the arrangement of personnel, facilities and equipment for
- 949 the efficient, effective and coordinated delivery of health care services
- 950 under emergency conditions;
- 951 (2) "Patient" means an injured, ill, crippled or physically
- 952 handicapped person requiring assistance and transportation;
- 953 (3) "Ambulance" means a motor vehicle specifically designed to
- 954 carry patients;
- 955 (4) "Ambulance service" means an organization which transports
- 956 patients;
- 957 (5) "Emergency medical technician" means an individual who has
- 958 successfully completed the training requirements established by the
- 959 commissioner and has been certified by the Department of Public

- 960 Health;
- 961 (6) "Ambulance driver" means a person whose primary function is 962 driving an ambulance;
- 963 (7) "Emergency medical [technician] <u>services</u> instructor" means a 964 person who is certified by the Department of Public Health to teach 965 courses, the completion of which is required in order to become an 966 emergency medical technician;
- 967 (8) "Communications facility" means any facility housing the 968 personnel and equipment for handling the emergency communications 969 needs of a particular geographic area;
- 970 (9) "Life saving equipment" means equipment used by emergency 971 medical personnel for the stabilization and treatment of patients;
- 972 (10) "Emergency medical service organization" means any 973 organization whether public, private or voluntary which offers 974 transportation or treatment services to patients under emergency 975 conditions;
 - (11) "Invalid coach" means a vehicle used exclusively for the transportation of nonambulatory patients, who are not confined to stretchers, to or from either a medical facility or the patient's home in nonemergency situations or utilized in emergency situations as a backup vehicle when insufficient emergency vehicles exist;
- 981 (12) "Rescue service" means any organization, whether profit or 982 nonprofit, whose primary purpose is to search for persons who have 983 become lost or to render emergency service to persons who are in 984 dangerous or perilous circumstances;
- 985 (13) "Provider" means any person, corporation or organization, 986 whether profit or nonprofit, whose primary purpose is to deliver 987 medical care or services, including such related medical care services 988 as ambulance transportation;

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989 (14) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health;

- 990 (15) "Paramedic" means a person licensed pursuant to section 20-991 206*ll*;
- 992 (16) "Commercial ambulance service" means an ambulance service 993 which primarily operates for profit;
- 994 (17) "Licensed ambulance service" means a commercial ambulance 995 service or a volunteer or municipal ambulance service issued a license 996 by the commissioner;
- 997 (18) "Certified ambulance service" means a municipal or volunteer 998 ambulance service issued a certificate by the commissioner;
 - (19) "Management service" means an employment organization that does not own or lease ambulances or other emergency medical vehicles and that provides emergency medical technicians or paramedics to an emergency medical service organization;
 - (20) "Automatic external defibrillator" means a device that: (A) Is used to administer an electric shock through the chest wall to the heart; (B) contains internal decision-making electronics, microcomputers or special software that allows it to interpret physiologic signals, make medical diagnosis and, if necessary, apply therapy; (C) guides the user through the process of using the device by audible or visual prompts; and (D) does not require the user to employ any discretion or judgment in its use;
 - (21) "Mutual aid call" means a call for emergency medical services that, pursuant to the terms of a written agreement, is responded to by a secondary or alternate emergency medical services provider if the primary or designated emergency medical services provider is unable to respond because such primary or designated provider is responding to another call for emergency medical services or the ambulance or nontransport emergency vehicle operated by such primary or designated provider is out of service. For purposes of this subdivision,

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1019 "nontransport emergency vehicle" means a vehicle used by emergency 1020 medical technicians or paramedics in responding to emergency calls 1021 that is not used to carry patients; 1022 (22) "Municipality" means the legislative body of a municipality or 1023 the board of selectmen in the case of a municipality in which the 1024 legislative body is a town meeting; 1025 (23) "Primary service area" means a specific geographic area to 1026 which one designated emergency medical services provider is 1027 assigned for each category of emergency medical response services; 1028 (24) "Primary service area responder" means an emergency medical 1029 services provider who is designated to respond to a victim of sudden 1030 illness or injury in a primary service area; [and] 1031 (25) "Interfacility critical care transport" means the interfacility 1032 transport of a patient between licensed hospitals; 1033 (26) "Advanced emergency medical technician" means an individual 1034 who is certified as an advanced emergency medical technician by the Department of Public Health; 1035 1036 (27) "Emergency medical responder" means an individual who is 1037 certified as an emergency medical responder by the Department of 1038 Public Health; 1039 (28) "Medical oversight" means the active surveillance by physicians 1040 of mobile intensive care sufficient for the assessment of overall practice 1041 levels, as defined by state-wide protocols; 1042 (29) "Mobile intensive care" means prehospital care involving invasive or definitive skills, equipment, procedures and other 1043 1044 therapies; 1045 (30) "Office of Emergency Medical Services" means the office 1046 established within the Department of Public Health Services pursuant 1047 to section 19a-178; and

1048 (31) "Sponsor hospital" means a hospital that has agreed to maintain 1049 staff for the provision of medical oversight, supervision and direction to an emergency medical service organization and its personnel and 1050 has been approved for such activity by the Office of Emergency 1052 Medical Services.

Sec. 25. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of section 19a-179 of the general statutes and section 19a-195b of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Public Health may implement policies and procedures concerning training, recertification and reinstatement of certification or licensure of emergency medical responders, emergency medical technicians, advanced emergency medical technicians and paramedics, while in the process of adopting such policies and procedures in regulation form, provided the commissioner prints notice of the intent to adopt regulations in the Connecticut Law Journal not later than thirty days after the date of implementation of such policies and procedures. Policies implemented pursuant to this section shall be valid until the time final regulations are adopted.

Sec. 26. Subsection (b) of section 20-74mm of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(b) Nothing in chapter 370 shall be construed to prohibit a radiologist assistant from performing radiologic procedures under the direct supervision and direction of a physician who is licensed pursuant to chapter 370 and who is board certified in radiology. A radiologist assistant may perform radiologic procedures delegated by a supervising radiologist provided: (1) The supervising radiologist is satisfied as to the ability and competency of the radiologist assistant; (2) such delegation is consistent with the health and welfare of the patient and in keeping with sound medical practice; (3) the supervising radiologist shall assume full control and responsibility for all procedures performed by the radiologist assistant; and (4) such procedures shall be performed under the oversight, control and

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direction of the supervising radiologist. Delegated procedures shall be implemented in accordance with written protocols established by the supervising radiologist. In addition to those procedures that the supervising radiologist deems appropriate to be performed under personal supervision, the following procedures [, including contrast media administration and needle or catheter placement, must] shall be performed under personal supervision: (A) Lumbar puncture under fluoroscopic guidance, (B) lumbar myelogram, (C) thoracic or cervical myelogram, (D) nontunneled venous central line placement, venous catheter placement for dialysis, breast needle localization, and (E) ductogram.

- Sec. 27. Subsection (a) of section 20-74qq of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2011*):
- 1095 (a) A radiologist assistant may perform radiologic procedures 1096 delegated by a supervising radiologist provided: (1) The supervising 1097 radiologist is satisfied as to the ability and competency of the 1098 radiologist assistant; (2) such delegation is consistent with the health 1099 and welfare of the patient and in keeping with sound medical practice; 1100 (3) the supervising radiologist assumes full control and responsibility 1101 for all procedures performed by the radiologist assistant; and (4) such procedures are performed under the oversight, control and direction of 1102 1103 the supervising radiologist. A supervising radiologist shall establish 1104 written protocols concerning any procedures delegated by such 1105 radiologist and implemented by a radiologist assistant. In addition to 1106 those procedures that the supervising radiologist deems appropriate to 1107 be performed under personal supervision, the following procedures [, 1108 including contrast media administration and needle or catheter 1109 placement, shall be performed under personal supervision: (A) 1110 Lumbar puncture under fluoroscopic guidance, (B) lumbar myelogram, (C) thoracic or cervical myelogram, (D) nontunneled 1111 1112 venous central line placement, (E) venous catheter placement for 1113 dialysis, (F) breast needle localization, and (G) ductogram.

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Sec. 28. Section 20-195a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

- 1116 For purposes of this chapter:
- 1117 (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health;
- 1118 (2) "Department" means the Department of Public Health;
- 1119 (3) "Marital and family therapy" means the evaluation, assessment,
- diagnosis, counseling, [and] management and treatment of emotional
- 1121 disorders, whether cognitive, affective or behavioral, within the
- 1122 context of marriage and family systems, through the professional
- 1123 application of individual psychotherapeutic and family-systems
- theories and techniques in the delivery of services to individuals,
- 1125 couples and families.
- 1126 Sec. 29. Section 19a-181a of the general statutes, as amended by
- 1127 section 8 of public act 10-18, is repealed and the following is
- substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- The state shall save harmless and indemnify any person certified as
- 1130 an emergency medical [technician] services instructor by the
- Department of Public Health under this chapter from financial loss and
- expense, including legal fees and costs, if any, arising out of any claim,
- demand, suit or judgment by reason of alleged negligence or other act
- 1134 resulting in personal injury or property damage, which acts are not
- wanton, reckless or malicious, provided such person at the time of the
- acts resulting in such injury or damage was acting in the discharge of
- 1137 his duties in providing emergency medical [technician] services
- training and instruction.
- Sec. 30. Subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of section 19a-80 of the 2010
- supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is
- substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (b) (1) Upon receipt of an application for a license, the
- 1143 Commissioner of Public Health shall issue such license if, upon

inspection and investigation, said commissioner finds that the 1144 1145 applicant, the facilities and the program meet the health, educational 1146 and social needs of children likely to attend the child day care center or 1147 group day care home and comply with requirements established by 1148 regulations adopted under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and 1149 sections 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive. The Commissioner of Public 1150 Health shall offer an expedited application review process for an 1151 application submitted by a municipal agency or department. Each 1152 license shall be for a term of two years, provided on and after October 1153 1, 2008, each license shall be for a term of four years, shall be 1154 [transferable] nontransferable, may be renewed upon payment of the 1155 licensure fee and may be suspended or revoked after notice and an 1156 opportunity for a hearing as provided in section 19a-84 for violation of 1157 the regulations adopted under sections 19a-77 to 19a-80, inclusive, and 1158 sections 19a-82 to 19a-87, inclusive.

- Sec. 31. Section 20-206kk of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1161 (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, no person 1162 shall practice paramedicine unless licensed as a paramedic pursuant to 1163 section 20-206*ll*.
- (b) No person shall use the title "paramedic" or make use of any title, words, letters or abbreviations that may reasonably be confused with licensure as a paramedic unless licensed pursuant to section 20-2061.
 - (c) No license as a paramedic shall be required of (1) a person performing services within the scope of practice for which he is licensed or certified by any agency of this state, or (2) a student, intern or trainee pursuing a course of study in paramedicine in an accredited institution of education or within an emergency medical services program approved by the commissioner, as defined in section 19a-175, as amended by this act, provided the activities that would otherwise require a license as a paramedic are performed under supervision and

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- 1176 constitute a part of a supervised course of study.
- 1177 (d) Paramedics who are currently licensed by a state that maintains
- licensing requirements equal to or higher than those in this state shall
- be eligible for licensure as a paramedic in this state.
- Sec. 32. Subsections (k) to (m), inclusive, of section 19a-490 of the
- general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1183 (k) "Home health agency" means an agency licensed as a home
- health care agency or a homemaker-home health aide agency; and
- (l) "Assisted living services agency" means an agency that provides,
- among other things, nursing services and assistance with activities of
- daily living to a population that is chronic and stable. [; and]
- [(m) "Mobile field hospital" means a modular, transportable facility
- used intermittently, deployed at the discretion of the Governor, or the
- 1190 Governor's designee, for the provision of medical services at a mass
- gathering; for the purpose of training or in the event of a public health
- or other emergency for isolation care purposes or triage and treatment
- during a mass casualty event; or for providing surge capacity for a
- hospital during a mass casualty event or infrastructure failure.
- 1195 Sec. 33. Section 19a-487 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (a) "Mobile field hospital" means a modular, transportable facility
- used intermittently, deployed at the discretion of the Governor, or the
- 1199 Governor's designee, (1) for the provision of medical services at a mass
- 1200 gathering; (2) for the purpose of training or in the event of a public
- health or other emergency for isolation care purposes or triage and
- 1202 treatment during a mass-casualty event; or (3) for providing surge
- 1203 capacity for a hospital during a mass-casualty event or infrastructure
- 1204 failure.
- 1205 [(a)] (b) There is established a board of directors to advise the

1206 Department of Public Health on the operations of the mobile field 1207 hospital. The board shall consist of the following members: The 1208 Commissioners of Public Health, Emergency Management and 1209 Homeland Security, Public Safety and Social Services, or their 1210 designees, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management, or the 1211 secretary's designee, the Adjutant General, or the Adjutant General's 1212 designee, one representative of a hospital in this state with more than 1213 five hundred licensed beds and one representative of a hospital in this 1214 state with five hundred or fewer licensed beds, both appointed by the 1215 Commissioner of Public Health. The Commissioner of Public Health 1216 shall be the chairperson of the board. The board shall adopt bylaws 1217 and shall meet at such times as specified in such bylaws and at such 1218 other times as the Commissioner of Public Health deems necessary.

- [(b)] (c) The board shall advise the department on matters, including, but not limited to: Operating policies and procedures; facility deployment and operation; appropriate utilization of the facility; clinical programs and delivery of patient health care services; hospital staffing patterns and staff-to-patient ratios; human resources policies; standards and accreditation guidelines; credentialing of clinical and support staff; patient admission, transfer and discharge policies and procedures; quality assurance and performance improvement; patient rates and billing and reimbursement mechanisms; staff education and training requirements and alternative facility uses.
- Sec. 34. Section 22a-475 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- As used in this section and sections 22a-476 to 22a-483, inclusive, the following terms shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning or intent:
- 1235 (1) "Bond anticipation note" means a note issued by a municipality 1236 in anticipation of the receipt of the proceeds of a project loan obligation 1237 or a grant account loan obligation.

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1238 (2) "Clean Water Fund" means the fund created under section 22a-1239 477, as amended by this act.

- 1240 (3) "Combined sewer projects" means any project undertaken to 1241 mitigate pollution due to combined sewer and storm drain systems, 1242 including, but not limited to, components of regional water pollution 1243 control facilities undertaken to prevent the overflow of untreated 1244 wastes due to collection system inflow, provided the state share of the 1245 cost of such components is less than the state share of the estimated 1246 cost of eliminating such inflow by means of physical separation at the 1247 sources of such inflow.
- 1248 (4) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Environmental 1249 Protection.
- 1250 (5) "Department" means the Department of Environmental 1251 Protection.
- 1252 (6) "Disadvantaged communities" means the service area of a public 1253 water system that meets affordability criteria established by the Office 1254 of Policy and Management in accordance with applicable federal 1255 regulations.
- 1256 (7) "Drinking water federal revolving loan account" means the 1257 drinking water federal revolving loan account of the Clean Water Fund 1258 created under section 22a-477, as amended by this act.
- 1259 (8) "Drinking water state account" means the drinking water state 1260 account of the Clean Water Fund created under section 22a-477, as 1261 amended by this act.
- 1262 (9) "Eligible drinking water project" means the planning, design, 1263 development, construction, repair, extension, improvement, 1264 remodeling, alteration, rehabilitation, reconstruction or acquisition of 1265 all or a portion of a public water system approved by the 1266 Commissioner of Public Health, [in consultation with 1267 Commissioner of Environmental Protection,] under sections 22a-475 to

- 1268 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1269 (10) "Eligible project" means an eligible drinking water project or an eligible water quality project, as applicable.
- (11) "Eligible water quality project" means the planning, design, development, construction, repair, extension, improvement, remodeling, alteration, rehabilitation, reconstruction or acquisition of a water pollution control facility approved by the commissioner under sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1276 (12) "Eligible project costs" means the total costs of an eligible 1277 project which are determined by (A) the commissioner, or (B) if the 1278 project is an eligible drinking water project, the Commissioner of 1279 Public Health, and in consultation with the Department of Public 1280 Utility Control when the recipient is a water company, as defined in 1281 section 16-1, to be necessary and reasonable. The total costs of a project 1282 may include the costs of all labor, materials, machinery and 1283 equipment, lands, property rights and easements, interest on project 1284 loan obligations and bond anticipation notes, including costs of 1285 issuance approved by the commissioner or by the Commissioner of 1286 Public Health if the project is an eligible drinking water project, plans 1287 and specifications, surveys or estimates of costs and revenues, 1288 engineering and legal services, auditing and administrative expenses, 1289 and all other expenses approved by the commissioner or by the 1290 Commissioner of Public Health if the project is an eligible drinking 1291 water project, which are incident to all or part of an eligible project.
- (13) "Eligible public water system" means a water company, as defined in section 25-32a, serving twenty-five or more persons or fifteen or more service connections year round and nonprofit noncommunity water systems.
- 1296 (14) "Grant account loan" means a loan to a municipality by the state 1297 from the water pollution control state account of the Clean Water 1298 Fund.

(15) "Grant account loan obligation" means bonds or other obligations issued by a municipality to evidence the permanent financing by such municipality of its indebtedness under a project funding agreement with respect to a grant account loan, made payable to the state for the benefit of the water pollution control state account of the Clean Water Fund and containing such terms and conditions and being in such form as may be approved by the commissioner.

- (16) "Grant anticipation note" means any note or notes issued in anticipation of the receipt of a project grant.
- (17) "Interim funding obligation" means any bonds or notes issued by a recipient in anticipation of the issuance of project loan obligations, grant account loan obligations or the receipt of project grants.
- (18) "Intended use plan" means a document if required, prepared by the Commissioner of Public Health, [in consultation with the commissioner,] in accordance with section 22a-478, as amended by this act.
- (19) "Municipality" means any metropolitan district, town, consolidated town and city, consolidated town and borough, city, borough, village, fire and sewer district, sewer district or public authority and each municipal organization having authority to levy and collect taxes or make charges for its authorized function.
- (20) "Pollution abatement facility" means any equipment, plant, treatment works, structure, machinery, apparatus or land, or any combination thereof, which is acquired, used, constructed or operated for the storage, collection, reduction, recycling, reclamation, disposal, separation or treatment of water or wastes, or for the final disposal of residues resulting from the treatment of water or wastes, and includes, but is not limited to: Pumping and ventilating stations, facilities, plants and works; outfall sewers, interceptor sewers and collector sewers; and other real or personal property and appurtenances incident to their use or operation.

1330 (21) "Priority list of eligible drinking water projects" means the 1331 priority list of eligible drinking water projects established by the 1332 Commissioner of Public Health in accordance with the provisions of 1333 sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act.

- 1334 (22) "Priority list of eligible projects" means the priority list of eligible drinking water projects or the priority list of eligible water quality projects, as applicable.
- 1337 (23) "Priority list of eligible water quality projects" means the 1338 priority list of eligible water quality projects established by the 1339 commissioner in accordance with the provisions of sections 22a-475 to 1340 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1341 (24) "Program" means the municipal water quality financial assistance program, including the drinking water financial assistance program, created under sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act.
- 1345 (25) "Project grant" means a grant made to a municipality by the 1346 state from the water pollution control state account of the Clean Water 1347 Fund or the Long Island Sound clean-up account of the Clean Water 1348 Fund.
- 1349 (26) "Project loan" means a loan made to a recipient by the state 1350 from the Clean Water Fund.
- 1351 (27) "Project funding agreement" means a written agreement 1352 between the state, acting by and through [the Commissioner of Public 1353 Health and the commissioner or, if the project is an eligible drinking 1354 water project, acting by and through the Commissioner of Public 1355 Health, in consultation with the Department of Public Utility Control 1356 when the recipient is a water company, as defined in section 16-1, and 1357 a recipient with respect to a project grant, a grant account loan and a 1358 project loan as provided under sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, 1359 as amended by this act, and containing such terms and conditions as 1360 may be approved by the commissioner or, if the project is an eligible

drinking water project, by the Commissioner of Public Health.

- (28) "Project obligation" or "project loan obligation" means bonds or other obligations issued by a recipient to evidence the permanent financing by such recipient of its indebtedness under a project funding agreement with respect to a project loan, made payable to the state for the benefit of the water pollution control federal revolving loan account, the drinking water federal revolving loan account or the drinking water state account, as applicable, of the Clean Water Fund and containing such terms and conditions and being in such form as may be approved by the commissioner or, if the project is an eligible drinking water project, by the Commissioner of Public Health.
- 1372 (29) "Public water system" means a public water system, as defined 1373 for purposes of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, as amended or 1374 superseded.
- 1375 (30) "Recipient" means a municipality or eligible public water 1376 system, as applicable.
- 1377 (31) "State bond anticipation note" means any note or notes issued 1378 by the state in anticipation of the issuance of bonds.
- 1379 (32) "State grant anticipation note" means any note or notes issued 1380 by the state in anticipation of the receipt of federal grants.
- 1381 (33) "Water pollution control facility" means a pollution abatement 1382 facility which stores, collects, reduces, recycles, reclaims, disposes of, 1383 separates or treats sewage, or disposes of residues from the treatment 1384 of sewage.
- 1385 (34) "Water pollution control state account" means the water 1386 pollution control state account of the Clean Water Fund created under 1387 section 22a-477, as amended by this act.
- 1388 (35) "Water pollution control federal revolving loan account" means 1389 the water pollution control federal revolving loan account of the Clean 1390 Water Fund created under section 22a-477, as amended by this act.

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1391 (36) "Long Island Sound clean-up account" means the Long Island 1392 Sound clean-up account created under section 22a-477, as amended by 1393 this act.

- Sec. 35. Subsection (p) of section 22a-477 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1397 (p) Within the drinking water federal revolving loan account there 1398 are established the following subaccounts: (1) A federal receipts 1399 subaccount, into which shall be deposited federal capitalization grants 1400 and federal capitalization awards received by the state pursuant to the 1401 federal Safe Drinking Water Act or other related federal acts; (2) a state 1402 bond receipts subaccount into which shall be deposited the proceeds of 1403 notes, bonds or other obligations issued by the state for the purpose of 1404 deposit therein; (3) a state General Fund receipts subaccount into 1405 which shall be deposited funds appropriated by the General Assembly 1406 for the purpose of deposit therein; and (4) a federal loan repayment 1407 subaccount into which shall be deposited payments received from any 1408 recipient in repayment of a project loan made from any moneys 1409 deposited in the drinking water federal revolving loan account. 1410 Moneys in each subaccount created under this subsection may be 1411 expended by the [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health for 1412 any of the purposes of the drinking water federal revolving loan 1413 account and investment earnings of any subaccount shall be deposited 1414 in such account.
- Sec. 36. Subsections (s) and (t) of section 22a-477 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (s) Amounts in the drinking water federal revolving loan account of the Clean Water Fund shall be available to the [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health to provide financial assistance (1) to any recipient for construction of eligible drinking water projects [and] approved by the Department of Public Health, and (2) for any other

1423 purpose authorized by the federal Safe Drinking Water Act or other 1424 related federal acts. In providing such financial assistance to recipients, 1425 amounts in such account may be used only: (A) By the [commissioner] 1426 Commissioner of Public Health in conjunction with the State Treasurer 1427 to make loans to recipients at an interest rate not exceeding one-half 1428 the rate of the average net interest cost as determined by the last 1429 previous similar bond issue by the state of Connecticut as determined 1430 by the State Bond Commission in accordance with subsection (t) of 1431 section 3-20, provided such loans shall not exceed a term of twenty 1432 years, or such longer period as may be permitted by applicable federal 1433 law, and shall have principal and interest payments commencing not 1434 later than one year after scheduled completion of the project, and 1435 provided the loan recipient shall establish a dedicated source of 1436 revenue for repayment of the loan, except to the extent that the priority 1437 list of eligible drinking water projects allows for the making of project 1438 loans [to disadvantaged communities] upon different terms, including reduced interest rates or an extended term, if permitted by federal law; 1439 1440 (B) by the [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health to 1441 guarantee, or purchase insurance for, local obligations, where such 1442 action would improve credit market access or reduce interest rates; (C) 1443 as a source of revenue or security for the payment of principal and 1444 interest on revenue or general obligation bonds issued by the state if 1445 the proceeds of the sale of such bonds have been deposited in such 1446 account; (D) to be invested by the State Treasurer and earn interest on 1447 moneys in such account; (E) by the [Commissioner of Environmental 1448 Protection and the Department of Public Health to pay for the 1449 reasonable costs of administering such account and conducting 1450 activities under the federal Safe Drinking Water Act or other related 1451 federal acts; and (F) by the [Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of Public Health to provide 1452 1453 additional forms of subsidization, including grants, principal 1454 forgiveness or negative interest loans or any combination thereof, if 1455 permitted by federal law and made pursuant to a project funding 1456 agreement in accordance with subsection (k) of section 22a-478, as 1457 amended by this act.

1458 (t) Amounts in the drinking water state account of the Clean Water 1459 Fund shall be available: (1) To be invested by the State Treasurer to 1460 earn interest on moneys in such account; (2) for the Commissioner of 1461 [Environmental Protection to make grants] Public Health to provide 1462 additional forms of subsidization, including grants, principal 1463 forgiveness or negative forgiveness loans or any combination thereof 1464 to recipients in a manner provided under the federal Safe Drinking 1465 Water Act in the amounts and in the manner set forth in a project 1466 funding agreement; (3) [with the concurrence of the Commissioner of 1467 Public Health for the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection] 1468 Public Health to make loans to recipients in amounts and in the 1469 manner set forth in a project funding agreement for planning and 1470 developing eligible drinking water projects prior to construction and 1471 permanent financing; (4) [with the concurrence of the Commissioner of 1472 Public Health for the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection] 1473 Public Health to make loans to recipients, for terms not exceeding 1474 twenty years, for an eligible drinking water project; (5) [with the 1475 concurrence of the Commissioner of Public Health] for the 1476 Commissioner of [Environmental Protection] Public Health to pay the 1477 costs of studies and surveys to determine drinking water needs and 1478 priorities and to pay the expenses of the Department of 1479 [Environmental Protection and the Department of] Public Health in 1480 undertaking such studies and surveys and in administering the 1481 program; (6) for the payment of costs as agreed to by the Department 1482 of Public Health after consultation with the Secretary of the Office of 1483 Policy and Management and the office of the State Treasurer for 1484 administration and management of the drinking water programs 1485 within the Clean Water Fund; (7) [provided such amounts are not 1486 required for the purposes of such fund,] for the State Treasurer to pay 1487 debt service on bonds of the state issued to fund the drinking water 1488 programs within the Clean Water Fund, or for the purchase or 1489 redemption of such bonds; and (8) for any other purpose of the 1490 drinking water programs within the Clean Water Fund and the 1491 program relating thereto.

Sec. 37. Subsections (h) to (n), inclusive, of section 22a-478 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(h) The Department of Public Health shall establish and maintain a priority list of eligible drinking water projects and shall establish a system setting the priority for making project loans to eligible public water systems. In establishing such priority list and ranking system, the Commissioner of Public Health shall consider all factors which he deems relevant, including but not limited to the following: (1) The public health and safety; (2) protection of environmental resources; (3) population affected; (4) risk to human health; (5) public water systems most in need on a per household basis according to applicable state affordability criteria; (6) compliance with the applicable requirements of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act and other related federal acts; (7) applicable state and federal regulations. The priority list of eligible drinking water projects shall include a description of each project and its purpose, impact, cost and construction schedule, and an explanation of the manner in which priorities were established. The Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt an interim priority list of eligible drinking water projects for the purpose of making project loans prior to adoption of final regulations, and in so doing may utilize existing rules and regulations of the department relating to the program. To the extent required by applicable federal law, the Department of Public Health [and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection | shall prepare any required intended use plan with respect to eligible drinking water projects; (8) consistency with the plan of conservation and development; (9) consistency with the policies delineated in section 22a-380; and (10) consistency with the coordinated water system plan in accordance with subsection (f) of section 25-33d.

(i) In each fiscal year the [commissioner] <u>Commissioner of Public Health</u> may make project loans to recipients in the order of the priority list of eligible drinking water projects to the extent of moneys available therefor in the appropriate accounts of the Clean Water Fund. Each

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recipient undertaking an eligible drinking water project may apply for and receive a project loan or loans in an amount equal to one hundred per cent of the eligible project costs.

- (j) The funding of an eligible drinking water project shall be pursuant to a project funding agreement between the state, acting by and through the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of Public Health, and the recipient undertaking such project and shall be evidenced by a project fund obligation or an interim funding obligation of such recipient issued in accordance with section 22a-479, as amended by this act. A project funding agreement shall be in a form prescribed by the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of Public Health. Any eligible drinking water project shall receive a project loan for the costs of the project. All loans made in accordance with the provisions of this section for an eligible drinking water project shall bear an interest rate not exceeding one-half the rate of the average net interest cost as determined by the last previous similar bond issue by the state of Connecticut as determined by the State Bond Commission in accordance with subsection (t) of section 3-20. The [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health may allow any project fund obligation or interim funding obligation for an eligible drinking water project to be repaid by a borrowing recipient prior to maturity without penalty.
- (k) Each project loan for an eligible drinking water project shall be made pursuant to a project funding agreement between the state, acting by and through the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection and the Department of Public Health, and such recipient, and each project loan for an eligible drinking water project shall be evidenced by a project loan obligation or by an interim funding obligation of such recipient issued in accordance with sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act. Except as otherwise provided in said sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, each project funding agreement shall contain such terms and conditions, including provisions for default which shall be enforceable against a recipient, shall Commissioner as be approved by the of

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[Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of] Public Health. Each project loan obligation or interim funding obligation issued pursuant to a project funding agreement for an eligible drinking water project shall bear an interest rate not exceeding one-half the rate of the average net interest cost as determined by the last previous similar bond issue by the state of Connecticut as determined by the State Bond Commission in accordance with subsection (t) of section 3-20. Except as otherwise provided in said sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, each project loan obligation and interim funding obligation shall be issued in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the project funding agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of the general statutes, public act or special act to the contrary, each project loan obligation for an eligible drinking water project shall mature no later than twenty years from the date of completion of the construction of the project and shall be paid in monthly installments of principal and interest or in monthly installments of principal unless a finding is otherwise made by the State Treasurer requiring a different payment schedule. Interest on each project loan obligation for an eligible drinking water project shall be payable monthly unless a finding is otherwise made by the State Treasurer requiring a different payment schedule. Principal and interest on interim funding obligations issued under a project funding agreement for an eligible drinking water project shall be payable at such time or times as provided in the project funding agreement, not exceeding six months after the date of completion of the planning and design phase or the construction phase, as applicable, of the eligible drinking water project, as determined by the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of] Public Health, and may be paid from the proceeds of a renewal note or notes or from the proceeds of a project loan obligation. The [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health may allow any project loan obligation or interim funding obligation for an eligible drinking water project to be repaid by the borrowing recipient prior to maturity without penalty. [with the concurrence of the Commissioner of Public Health.]

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(l) The [Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the] Commissioner of Public Health may make a project loan to a recipient pursuant to a project funding agreement for an eligible drinking water project for the planning and design phase of an eligible project, to the extent provided by the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, as amended. Principal and interest on a project loan for the planning and design phases of an eligible drinking water project may be paid from and included in the principal amount of a loan for the construction phase of an eligible drinking water project.

(m) A project loan for an eligible drinking water project shall not be made to a recipient unless: (1) In the case of a project loan for the construction phase, final plans and specifications for such project are approved by the Commissioner of Public Health, and when the recipient is a water company, as defined in section 16-1, with the concurrence of the Department of Public Utility Control, and with the approval of the Commissioner of [Environmental Protection] Public Health for consistency with financial requirements of the general statutes, regulations and resolutions; (2) each recipient undertaking such project provides assurances satisfactory to the Commissioner of Public Health [and the Commissioner of Environmental Protection] that the recipient shall undertake and complete such project with due diligence and, in the case of a project loan for the construction phase, that it shall own such project and shall operate and maintain the eligible drinking water project for a period and in a manner satisfactory to the Department of Public Health after completion of such project; (3) each recipient undertaking such project has filed with the Commissioner of Public Health all applications and other documents prescribed by the [Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the Department of Public Utility Control and the Commissioner of Public Health within time periods prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health; (4) each recipient undertaking such project has established separate accounts for the receipt and disbursement of the proceeds of such project loan and has agreed to maintain project accounts in accordance with generally accepted

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government accounting standards or uniform system of accounts, as applicable; (5) in any case in which an eligible drinking water project shall be owned or maintained by more than one recipient, the [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health has received evidence satisfactory to him that all such recipients are legally required to complete their respective portions of such project; (6) each recipient undertaking such project has agreed to comply with such audit requirements as may be imposed by the [commissioner] Commissioner of Public Health; and (7) in the case of a project loan for the construction phase, each recipient shall assure the [Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the] Department of Public Utility Control, as required, and the Commissioner of Public Health that it has adequate legal, institutional, technical, managerial and financial capability to ensure compliance with the requirements of applicable federal law, except to the extent otherwise permitted by federal law.

- (n) Notwithstanding any provision of sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, to the contrary, the Commissioner of Public Health [with the concurrence of the Commissioner of Environmental Protection] may make a project loan or loans in accordance with the provisions of subsection (j) of this section with respect to an eligible drinking water project without regard to the priority list of eligible drinking water projects if a public drinking water supply emergency exists, pursuant to section 25-32b, which requires that the eligible drinking water project be undertaken to protect the public health and safety.
- Sec. 38. Subsections (c) and (d) of section 22a-479 of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (c) Whenever a recipient has entered into a project funding agreement and has authorized the issuance of project loan obligations or grant account loan obligations, it may authorize the issuance of interim funding obligations. Proceeds from the issuance and sale of interim funding obligations shall be used to temporarily finance an

eligible project pending receipt of the proceeds of a project loan obligation, a grant account loan obligation or project grant. Such interim funding obligations may be issued and sold to the state for the benefit of the Clean Water Fund or issued and sold to any other lender on such terms and in such manner as shall be determined by a recipient. Such interim funding obligations may be renewed from time to time by the issuance of other notes, provided the final maturity of such notes shall not exceed six months from the date of completion of the planning and design phase or the construction phase, as applicable, of an eligible project, as determined by the commissioner or, if the project is an eligible drinking water project, by the Commissioner of Public Health. Such notes and any renewals of a municipality shall not be subject to the requirements and limitations set forth in sections 7-378, 7-378a and 7-264. The provisions of section 7-374 shall apply to such notes and any renewals thereof of a municipality; except that project loan obligations, grant account loan obligations and interim funding obligations issued in order to meet the requirements of an abatement order of the commissioner shall not be subject to the debt limitation provisions of section 7-374, provided the municipality files a certificate, signed by its chief fiscal officer, with the commissioner demonstrating to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the municipality has a plan for levying a system of charges, assessments or other revenues sufficient, together with other available funds of the municipality, to repay such obligations as the same become due and payable. The officer or agency authorized by law or by vote of the recipient to issue such interim funding obligations shall, within any limitation imposed by such law or vote, determine the date, maturity, interest rate, form, manner of sale and other details of such obligations. Such obligations may bear interest or be sold at a discount and the interest or discount on such obligations, including renewals thereof, and the expense of preparing, issuing and marketing them may be included as a part of the cost of an eligible project. Upon the issuance of a project loan obligation or grant account loan obligation, the proceeds thereof, to the extent required, shall be applied forthwith to the payment of the principal of and interest on all interim funding

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1696 obligations issued in anticipation thereof and upon receipt of a project 1697 grant, the proceeds thereof, to the extent required, shall be applied 1698 forthwith to the payment of the principal of and interest on all grant 1699 anticipation notes issued in anticipation thereof or, in either case, shall 1700 be deposited in trust for such purpose with a bank or trust company, which may be the bank or trust company, if any, at which such 1702 obligations are payable.

(d) Project loan obligations, grant account loan obligations, interim funding obligations or any obligation of a municipality that satisfies the requirements of Title VI of the federal Water Pollution Control Act or the federal Safe Drinking Water Act or other related federal act may, as determined by the commissioner or, if the project is an eligible drinking water project, by the Commissioner of Public Health, be general obligations of the issuing municipality and in such case each such obligation shall recite that the full faith and credit of the issuing municipality are pledged for the payment of the principal thereof and interest thereon. To the extent a municipality is authorized pursuant to sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, to issue project loan obligations or interim funding obligations, such obligations may be secured by a pledge of revenues and other funds derived from its sewer system or public water supply system, as applicable. Each pledge and agreement made for the benefit or security of any of such obligations shall be in effect until the principal of, and interest on, such obligations have been fully paid, or until provision has been made for payment in the manner provided in the resolution authorizing their issuance or in the agreement for the benefit of the holders of such obligations. In any such case, such pledge shall be valid and binding from the time when such pledge is made. Any revenues or other receipts, funds or moneys so pledged and thereafter received by the municipality shall immediately be subject to the lien of such pledge without any physical delivery thereof or further act. The lien of any such pledge shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or otherwise against the municipality, irrespective of whether such parties have notice thereof.

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1730 Neither the project loan obligation, interim funding obligation, project 1731 funding agreement nor any other instrument by which a pledge is 1732 created need be recorded. All securities or other investments of 1733 moneys of the state permitted or provided for under sections 22a-475 1734 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, may, upon the 1735 determination of the State Treasurer, be purchased and held in fully 1736 marketable form, subject to provision for any registration in the name 1737 of the state. Securities or other investments at any time purchased, 1738 held or owned by the state may, upon the determination of the State 1739 Treasurer and upon delivery to the state, be accompanied by such 1740 documentation, including approving bond opinion, certification and 1741 guaranty as to signatures and certification as to absence of litigation, 1742 and such other or further documentation as shall from time to time be 1743 required in the municipal bond market or required by the state.

- Sec. 39. Subsection (f) of section 22a-479 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1747 (f) Any recipient which is not a municipality shall execute and 1748 deliver project loan obligations and interim financing obligations in 1749 accordance with applicable law and in such form and with such 1750 requirements as may be determined by the commissioner or by the 1751 Commissioner of Public Health if the project is an eligible drinking 1752 water project. The Commissioner of Public Health and the Department 1753 of Public Utility Control as required by section 16-19e shall review and 1754 approve all costs that are necessary and reasonable prior to the award 1755 of the project funding agreement with respect to an eligible drinking 1756 water project. The Department of Public Utility Control, where 1757 appropriate, shall include these costs in the recipient's rate structure in 1758 accordance with section 16-19e.
- Sec. 40. Section 22a-480 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- No provision of sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended

by this act, shall be construed or deemed to supersede or limit the

- authority granted the commissioner and the Commissioner of Public
- 1764 <u>Health</u> pursuant to this chapter.
- Sec. 41. Section 22a-482 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 1766 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1767 The Commissioner of Environmental Protection [and the
- 1768 Commissioner of Public Health] shall adopt regulations in accordance
- 1769 with the provisions of chapter 54 to carry out the purposes of sections
- 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, except that the
- 1771 <u>Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations in accordance</u>
- with the provisions of chapter 54 to carry out the purposes of sections
- 1773 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, as amended by this act, pertaining to the
- drinking water accounts, as defined in subdivisions (7) and (8) of
- section 22a-475, as amended by this act, and eligible drinking water
- 1776 projects. Pending the adoption of regulations concerning the drinking
- 1777 water accounts, as defined in subdivisions (7) and (8) of section 22a-
- 1778 475, as amended by this act, the regulations in effect and applicable to
- 1779 the management and operation of the Clean Water Fund shall be
- 1780 utilized by the Commissioner of Public Health [and the Commissioner
- of Environmental Protection in connection] with the operation of the
- drinking water accounts, as defined in subdivisions (7) and (8) of said
- section 22a-475, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 42. Section 20-101 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- No provision of this chapter shall confer any authority to practice
- 1787 medicine or surgery nor shall this chapter prohibit any person from
- 1788 the domestic administration of family remedies or the furnishing of
- 1789 assistance in the case of an emergency; nor shall it be construed as
- prohibiting persons employed in state hospitals and state sanatoriums and subsidiary workers in general hospitals from assisting in the
- and subsidiary workers in general hospitals from assisting in the
- 1792 nursing care of patients if adequate medical and nursing supervision is
- 1793 provided; nor shall it be construed to prohibit the administration of

medications by dialysis patient care technicians in accordance with section 19a-269a; nor shall it be construed as prohibiting students who are enrolled in schools of nursing approved pursuant to section 20-90, and students who are enrolled in schools for licensed practical nurses approved pursuant to section 20-90, from performing such work as is incidental to their respective courses of study; nor shall it prohibit a registered nurse who holds a master's degree in nursing or in a related field recognized for certification as either a nurse practitioner, a clinical nurse specialist, or a nurse anesthetist by one of the certifying bodies identified in section 20-94a from practicing for a period not to exceed one hundred twenty days after the date of graduation, provided such graduate advanced practice registered nurse is working in a hospital or other organization under the supervision of a licensed physician or a licensed advanced practice registered nurse, such hospital or other organization has verified that the graduate advanced practice registered nurse has applied to sit for the national certification examination and the graduate advanced practice registered nurse is not authorized to prescribe or dispense drugs; nor shall it prohibit graduates of schools of nursing or schools for licensed practical nurses approved pursuant to section 20-90, from nursing the sick for a period not to exceed ninety calendar days after the date of graduation, provided such graduate nurses are working in hospitals or organizations where adequate supervision is provided, and such hospital or other organization has verified that the graduate nurse has successfully completed a nursing program. Upon notification that the graduate nurse has failed the licensure examination or that the graduate advanced practice registered nurse has failed the certification examination, all privileges under this section shall automatically cease. No provision of this chapter shall prohibit any registered nurse who has been issued a temporary permit by the department, pursuant to subsection (b) of section 20-94, from caring for the sick pending the issuance of a license without examination; nor shall it prohibit any licensed practical nurse who has been issued a temporary permit by the department, pursuant to subsection (b) of section 20-97, from caring for the sick pending the issuance of a license without

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examination; nor shall it prohibit any qualified registered nurse or any qualified licensed practical nurse of another state from caring for a patient temporarily in this state, provided such nurse has been granted a temporary permit from said department and provided such nurse shall not represent or hold himself or herself out as a nurse licensed to practice in this state; nor shall it prohibit registered nurses or licensed practical nurses from other states from doing such nursing as is incident to their course of study when taking postgraduate courses in this state; nor shall it prohibit nursing or care of the sick, with or without compensation or personal profit, in connection with the practice of the religious tenets of any church by adherents thereof, provided such persons shall not otherwise engage in the practice of nursing within the meaning of this chapter. This chapter shall not prohibit the care of persons in their homes by domestic servants, housekeepers, nursemaids, companions, attendants or household aides of any type, whether employed regularly or because of an emergency of illness, if such persons are not initially employed in a nursing capacity. This chapter shall not prohibit unlicensed assistive personnel from administering jejunostomy and gastrojejunal tube feedings to persons who (1) attend day programs or respite centers under the jurisdiction of the Department of Developmental Services, (2) reside in residential facilities under the jurisdiction of the Department of Developmental Services, or (3) receive support under the jurisdiction of the Department of Developmental Services, when such feedings are performed by trained, unlicensed assistive personnel pursuant to the written order of a physician licensed under chapter 370, an advanced practice registered nurse licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-94a or a physician assistant licensed to prescribe in accordance with section 20-12d.

- Sec. 43. Section 19a-32f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1860 (a) (1) There is established a Stem Cell Research Advisory 1861 Committee. The committee shall consist of the Commissioner of Public 1862 Health and eight members who shall be appointed as follows: Two by

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the Governor, one of whom shall be nationally recognized as an active investigator in the field of stem cell research and one of whom shall have background and experience in the field of bioethics; one each by the president pro tempore of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall have background and experience in private sector stem cell research and development; one each by the majority leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives, who shall be academic researchers specializing in stem cell research; one by the minority leader of the Senate, who shall have background and experience in either private or public sector stem cell research and development or related research fields, including, but not limited to, embryology, genetics or cellular biology; and one by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, who shall have background and experience in business or financial investments. Members shall serve for a term of four years commencing on October first, except that members first appointed by the Governor and the majority leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives shall serve for a term of two years. No member may serve for more than two consecutive four-year terms and no member may serve concurrently on the Stem Cell Research Peer Review Committee established pursuant to section 19a-32g. All initial appointments to the committee shall be made by October 1, 2005. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.

(2) On and after July 1, 2006, the advisory committee shall include eight additional members who shall be appointed as follows: Two by the Governor, one of whom shall be nationally recognized as an active investigator in the field of stem cell research and one of whom shall have background and experience in the field of ethics; one each by the president pro tempore of the Senate and the speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall have background and experience in private sector stem cell research and development; one each by the majority leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives, who shall be academic researchers specializing in stem cell research; one by the minority leader of the Senate, who shall have background and

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experience in either private or public sector stem cell research and development or related research fields, including, but not limited to, embryology, genetics or cellular biology; and one by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, who shall have background and experience in business or financial investments. Members shall serve for a term of four years, except that (A) members first appointed by the Governor and the majority leaders of the Senate and House of Representatives pursuant to this subdivision shall serve for a term of two years and three months, and (B) members first appointed by the remaining appointing authorities shall serve for a term of four years and three months. No member appointed pursuant to this subdivision may serve for more than two consecutive four-year terms and no such member may serve concurrently on the Stem Cell Research Peer Review Committee established pursuant to section 19a-32g. All initial appointments to the committee pursuant to this subdivision shall be made by July 1, 2006. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority.

- (b) The Commissioner of Public Health shall serve as the chairperson of the committee and shall schedule the first meeting of the committee, which shall be held no later than December 1, 2005.
- 1917 (c) All members appointed to the committee shall work to advance 1918 embryonic and human adult stem cell research. Any member who fails 1919 to attend three consecutive meetings or who fails to attend fifty per 1920 cent of all meetings held during any calendar year shall be deemed to have resigned from the committee.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, it shall not constitute a conflict of interest for a trustee, director, partner, officer, stockholder, proprietor, counsel or employee of any eligible institution, or for any other individual with a financial interest in any eligible institution, to serve as a member of the committee. All members shall be deemed public officials and shall adhere to the code of ethics for public officials set forth in chapter 10. Members may participate in the affairs of the committee with respect to the review or consideration of

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grant-in-aid applications, including the approval or disapproval of such applications, except that no member shall participate in the affairs of the committee with respect to the review or consideration of any grant-in-aid application filed by such member or by any eligible institution in which such member has a financial interest, or with whom such member engages in any business, employment, transaction or professional activity.

(e) The Stem Cell Research Advisory Committee shall (1) develop, in consultation with the Commissioner of Public Health, a donated funds program to encourage the development of funds other than state appropriations for embryonic and human adult stem cell research in this state, (2) examine and identify specific ways to improve and promote for-profit and not-for-profit embryonic and human adult stem cell and related research in the state, including, but not limited to, identifying both public and private funding sources for such research, maintaining existing embryonic and human adult stem-cell-related businesses, recruiting new embryonic and human adult stem-cellrelated businesses to the state and recruiting scientists and researchers in such field to the state, (3) establish and administer, in consultation with the Commissioner of Public Health, a stem cell research grant program which shall provide grants-in-aid to eligible institutions for the advancement of embryonic or human adult stem cell research in this state pursuant to section 19a-32e, and (4) monitor the stem cell research conducted by eligible institutions that receive such grants-inaid.

(f) Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated shall serve as administrative staff of the committee and shall assist the committee in (1) developing the application for the grants-in-aid authorized under subsection (e) of this section, (2) reviewing such applications, (3) preparing and executing any assistance agreements or other agreements in connection with the awarding of such grants-in-aid, and (4) performing such other administrative duties as the committee deems necessary.

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[(g) Not later than June 30, 2007, and annually thereafter until June 30, 2015, the Stem Cell Research Advisory Committee shall report, in accordance with section 11-4a, to the Governor and the General Assembly on (1) the amount of grants-in-aid awarded to eligible institutions from the Stem Cell Research Fund pursuant to section 19a-32e, (2) the recipients of such grants-in-aid, and (3) the current status of stem cell research in the state.]

- 1970 Sec. 44. Section 19a-701 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- [(a)] A managed residential community shall meet the requirements of all applicable federal and state laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, the Public Health Code, State Building Code and the State Fire Safety Code, and federal and state laws and regulations governing handicapped accessibility.
- 1977 [(b) The Commissioner of Public Health shall adopt regulations, in 1978 accordance with chapter 54, to carry out the provisions of sections 19a-1979 693 to 19a-701, inclusive.]
- Sec. 45. Section 19a-200 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 1982 (a) The mayor of each city, the warden of each borough, and the 1983 chief executive officer of each town shall, unless the charter of such 1984 city, town or borough otherwise provides, nominate some person to be 1985 director of health for such city, town or borough, which nomination 1986 shall be confirmed or rejected by the board of selectmen, if there be 1987 such a board, otherwise by the legislative body of such city or town or 1988 by the burgesses of such borough within thirty days thereafter. 1989 Notwithstanding the charter provisions of any city, town or borough 1990 with respect to the qualifications of the director of health, [such] on 1991 and after October 1, 2010, any person nominated to be a director of 1992 health shall [either] (1) be a licensed physician [or shall] and hold a 1993 [graduate] degree in public health [as a result of at least one year's 1994 training, including at least sixty hours in local public health

administration, in a recognized school of public health or shall have such combination of training and experience as meets the approval of the Commissioner of Public Health] from an accredited school, college, university or institution, or (2) hold a graduate degree in public health from an accredited school, college or institution. The educational requirements of this section shall not apply to any director of health nominated or otherwise appointed as director of health prior to October 1, 2010. In cities, towns or boroughs with a population of forty thousand or more for five consecutive years, according to the estimated population figures authorized pursuant to subsection (b) of section 8-159a, such director of health shall serve in a full-time capacity, except where a town has designated such director as the chief medical advisor for its public schools under section 10-205, and shall not engage in private practice. Such director of health shall have and exercise within the limits of the city, town or borough for which such director is appointed all powers necessary for enforcing the general statutes, provisions of the Public Health Code relating to the preservation and improvement of the public health and preventing the spread of diseases therein. In case of the absence or inability to act of a city, town or borough director of health or if a vacancy exists in the office of such director, the appointing authority of such city, town or borough may, with the approval of the Commissioner of Public Health, designate in writing a suitable person to serve as acting director of health during the period of such absence or inability or vacancy, provided the commissioner may appoint such acting director if the city, town or borough fails to do so. The person so designated, when sworn, shall have all the powers and be subject to all the duties of such director. In case of vacancy in the office of such director, if such vacancy exists for thirty days, said commissioner may appoint a director of health for such city, town or borough. Said commissioner, may, for cause, remove an officer the commissioner or any predecessor in said office has appointed, and the common council of such city, town or the burgesses of such borough may, respectively, for cause, remove a director whose nomination has been confirmed by them, provided such removal shall be approved by said commissioner; and,

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within two days thereafter, notice in writing of such action shall be given by the clerk of such city, town or borough, as the case may be, to said commissioner, who shall, within ten days after receipt, file with the clerk from whom the notice was received, approval or disapproval. Each such director of health shall hold office for the term of four years from the date of appointment and until a successor is nominated and confirmed in accordance with this section. Each director of health shall, annually, at the end of the fiscal year of the city, town or borough, file with the Department of Public Health a report of the doings as such director for the year preceding.

- (b) On and after July 1, 1988, each municipality shall provide for the services of a sanitarian certified under chapter 395 to work under the direction of the local director of health. Where practical, the local director of health may act as the sanitarian.
- (c) As used in this chapter, "authorized agent" means a sanitarian certified under chapter 395 and any individual certified for a specific program of environmental health by the Commissioner of Public Health in accordance with the Public Health Code.
 - Sec. 46. Section 19a-244 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

[The] On and after October 1, 2010, any person nominated to be the director of health shall [either (1) be a doctor of medicine and hold a degree in public health as a result of having at least one year's special training in public health, or, in lieu of said degree, shall meet the qualifications prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, or (2) be trained in public health and hold a masters degree in public health] (1) be a licensed physician and hold a degree in public health from an accredited school, college, university or institution, or (2) hold a graduate degree in public health from an accredited school, college or institution. The educational requirements of this section shall not apply to any director of health nominated or otherwise appointed as director of health prior to October 1, 2010. The board may specify in a

written agreement with such director the term of office, which shall not exceed three years, salary and duties required of and responsibilities assigned to such director in addition to those required by the general statutes or the Public Health Code, if any. He shall be removed during the term of such written agreement only for cause after a public hearing by the board on charges preferred, of which reasonable notice shall have been given. He shall devote his entire time to the performance of such duties as are required of directors of health by the general statutes or the Public Health Code and as the board specifies in its written agreement with him; and shall act as secretary and treasurer of the board, without the right to vote. He shall give to the district a bond with a surety company authorized to transact business in the state, for the faithful performance of his duties as treasurer, in such sum and upon such conditions as the board requires. He shall be the executive officer of the district department of health. Full-time employees of a city, town or borough health department at the time such city, town or borough votes to form or join a district department of health shall become employees of such district department of health. Such employees may retain their rights and benefits in the pension system of the town, city or borough by which they were employed and shall continue to retain their active participating membership therein until retired. Such employees shall pay into such pension system the contributions required of them for their class and membership. Any additional employees to be hired by the district or any vacancies to be filled shall be filled in accordance with the rules and regulations of the merit system of the state of Connecticut and the employees who are employees of cities, towns or boroughs which have adopted a local civil service or merit system shall be included in their comparable grade with fully attained seniority in the state merit system. Such employees shall perform such duties as are prescribed by the director of health. In the event of the withdrawal of a town, city or borough from the district department, or in the event of a dissolution of any district department, the employees thereof, originally employed therein, shall automatically become employees of the appropriate town, city or borough's board of health.

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Sec. 47. (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-206bb of the general statutes, not later than thirty days after the effective date of this section, the Department of Public Health shall issue an acupuncturist license to an applicant who presents to the department satisfactory evidence that the applicant (1) is currently licensed as an acupuncturist in good standing in another state of the United States and such license was issued prior to September 5, 1990; (2) is a diplomate of the National Board of Acupuncture Orthopedics; and (3) has passed the acupuncture comprehensive examination and the clean needle technique course examination portions of the National Certification Commission for Acupuncture and Oriental Medicine acupuncture examination.

- Sec. 48. Subsection (b) of section 19a-91 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (b) (1) No licensed embalmer or funeral director shall remove a dead human body from the place of death to another location for preparation until the body has been temporarily wrapped. If the body is to be transported by common carrier, the licensed embalmer or funeral director having charge of the body shall have the body washed or embalmed unless it is contrary to the religious beliefs or customs of the deceased person, as determined by the person who assumes custody of the body for purposes of burial, and then enclosed in a casket and outside box or, in lieu of such double container, by being wrapped.
 - (2) Any deceased person who is to be entombed in a crypt or mausoleum shall be in a casket that is placed in a zinc-lined or [an acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) sheet] <u>nationally-accepted composite</u> plastic container or, if permitted by the cemetery where the disposition of the body is to be made, a nonoxiding [metal or ABS plastic sheeting] <u>nationally-accepted composite plastic</u> tray.
- Sec. 49. Section 20-74s of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes

2129 is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective

- 2130 October 1, 2010):
- 2131 (a) For purposes of this section and subdivision (18) of subsection (c)
- 2132 of section 19a-14, as amended by this act:
- 2133 (1) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Public Health;
- 2134 (2) "Licensed alcohol and drug counselor" means a person licensed 2135 under the provisions of this section;
- 2136 (3) "Certified alcohol and drug counselor" means a person certified 2137 under the provisions of this section;
- 2138 (4) "Practice of alcohol and drug counseling" means the professional 2139 application of methods that assist an individual or group to develop an 2140 understanding of alcohol and drug dependency problems, define 2141 goals, and plan action reflecting the individual's or group's interest, 2142 abilities and needs as affected by alcohol and drug dependency 2143 problems;
- 2144 (5) "Private practice of alcohol and drug counseling" means the 2145 independent practice of alcohol and drug counseling by a licensed or 2146 certified alcohol and drug counselor who is self-employed on a full-2147 time or part-time basis and who is responsible for that independent 2148 practice;
- 2149 (6) "Self-help group" means a voluntary group of persons who offer peer support to each other in recovering from an addiction; and
- 2151 (7) "Supervision" means the regular on-site observation of the 2152 functions and activities of an alcohol and drug counselor in the 2153 performance of his or her duties and responsibilities to include a 2154 review of the records, reports, treatment plans or recommendations 2155 with respect to an individual or group.
- 2156 (b) Except as provided in subsections (s) to (x), inclusive, of this 2157 section, no person shall engage in the practice of alcohol and drug

counseling unless licensed as a licensed alcohol and drug counselor pursuant to subsection (d) of this section or certified as a certified alcohol and drug counselor pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.

- (c) Except as provided in subsections (s) to (x), inclusive, of this section, no person shall engage in the private practice of alcohol and drug counseling unless (1) licensed as a licensed alcohol and drug counselor pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, or (2) certified as a certified alcohol and drug counselor pursuant to subsection (e) of this section and practicing under the supervision of a licensed alcohol and drug counselor.
- (d) To be eligible for licensure as a licensed alcohol and drug counselor, an applicant shall (1) have attained a master's degree from an accredited institution of higher education with a minimum of eighteen graduate semester hours in counseling or counseling-related subjects, except that applicants holding certified clinical supervisor status by the Connecticut Certification Board, Inc. as of October 1, 1998, may substitute such certification in lieu of the master's degree requirement, and (2) be certified or have met all the requirements for certification as a certified alcohol and drug counselor.
- (e) To be eligible for certification by the Department of Public Health as a certified alcohol and drug counselor, an applicant shall have (1) completed three hundred hours of supervised practical training in alcohol and drug counseling that the commissioner deems acceptable; (2) completed three years of supervised paid work experience or unpaid internship that the commissioner deems acceptable that entailed working directly with alcohol and drug clients, except that a master's degree may be substituted for one year of such experience; (3) completed three hundred sixty hours of commissioner-approved education, at least two hundred forty hours of which relates to the knowledge and skill base associated with the practice of alcohol and drug counseling; and (4) successfully completed a department prescribed examination.

(f) For individuals applying for certification as an alcohol and drug counselor by the Department of Public Health prior to October 1, 1998, current certification by the Department of Mental Health and Addiction Services may be substituted for the certification requirements of subsection (e) of this section.

- (g) The commissioner shall grant a license as an alcohol and drug counselor to any applicant who furnishes satisfactory evidence that he has met the requirements of [subsections] <u>subsection</u> (d) or (o) of this section. The commissioner shall develop and provide application forms. The application fee shall be one hundred ninety dollars.
- (h) A license as an alcohol and drug counselor shall be renewed in accordance with the provisions of section 19a-88 for a fee of one hundred ninety dollars.
 - (i) The commissioner shall grant certification as a certified alcohol and drug counselor to any applicant who furnishes satisfactory evidence that he has met the requirements of [subsections] <u>subsection</u> (e) or (o) of this section. The commissioner shall develop and provide application forms. The application fee shall be one hundred ninety dollars.
 - (j) A certificate as an alcohol and drug counselor may be renewed in accordance with the provisions of section 19a-88 for a fee of one hundred ninety dollars.
- 2212 (k) The commissioner may contract with a qualified private 2213 organization for services that include (1) providing verification that 2214 applicants for licensure or certification have met the education, 2215 training and work experience requirements under this section; and (2) 2216 any other services that the commissioner may deem necessary.
- (l) Any person who has attained a master's level degree and is certified by the Connecticut Certification Board as a substance abuse counselor on or before July 1, 2000, shall be deemed a licensed alcohol and drug counselor. Any person so deemed shall renew his license

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pursuant to section 19a-88 for a fee of one hundred ninety dollars.

(m) Any person who has not attained a master's level degree and is certified by the Connecticut Certification Board as a substance abuse counselor on or before July 1, 2000, shall be deemed a certified alcohol and drug counselor. Any person so deemed shall renew his certification pursuant to section 19a-88 for a fee of one hundred ninety dollars.

- (n) Any person who is not certified by the Connecticut Certification Board as a substance abuse counselor on or before July 1, 2000, who (1) documents to the department that he has a minimum of five years full-time or eight years part-time paid work experience, under supervision, as an alcohol and drug counselor, and (2) successfully passes a commissioner-approved examination no later than July 1, 2000, shall be deemed a certified alcohol and drug counselor. Any person so deemed shall renew his certification pursuant to section 19a-88 for a fee of one hundred ninety dollars.
- (o) The commissioner may license or certify without examination any applicant who, at the time of application, is licensed or certified by a governmental agency or private organization located in another state, territory or jurisdiction whose standards, in the opinion of the commissioner, are substantially similar to, or higher than, those of this state.
- (p) No person shall assume, represent himself as, or use the title or designation "alcoholism counselor", "alcohol counselor", "alcohol and drug counselor", "licensed clinical alcohol and drug counselor", "licensed alcohol and drug counselor", "licensed associate alcohol and drug counselor", "certified alcohol and drug counselor", "chemical dependency counselor", "chemical dependency supervisor" or any of the abbreviations for such titles, unless licensed or certified under subsections (g) to (n), inclusive, of this section and unless the title or designation corresponds to the license or certification held.

(q) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to implement provisions of this section.

- (r) The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse to issue a license in circumstances that have endangered or are likely to endanger the health, welfare or safety of the public.
- (s) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the activities and services of a rabbi, priest, minister, Christian Science practitioner or clergyman of any religious denomination or sect, when engaging in activities that are within the scope of the performance of the person's regular or specialized ministerial duties and for which no separate charge is made, or when these activities are performed, with or without charge, for or under the auspices or sponsorship, individually or in conjunction with others, of an established and legally cognizable church, denomination or sect, and when the person rendering services remains accountable to the established authority thereof.
- (t) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the activities and services of a person licensed in this state to practice medicine and surgery, psychology, marital and family therapy, clinical social work, professional counseling, advanced practice registered nursing or registered nursing, when such person is acting within the scope of the person's license and doing work of a nature consistent with that person's license, provided the person does not hold himself or herself out to the public as possessing a license or certification issued pursuant to this section.
- (u) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the activities and services of a student intern or trainee in alcohol and drug counseling who is pursuing a course of study in an accredited institution of higher education or training course, provided these activities are performed under supervision and constitute a part of an accredited course of study, and provided further the person is designated as an intern or trainee or other such title indicating the

- training status appropriate to his level of training.
- (v) Nothing in this section shall [be construed to apply to any alcohol and drug counselor or substance abuse counselor employed by the state, except that this section shall apply to alcohol and drug counselors employed by the Department of Correction pursuant to subsection (x) of this section] apply to individuals who are on October 1, 2010, employed by a state agency as a rehabilitation counselor who is acting in the capacity of an alcohol and drug counselor.
 - (w) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to the activities and services of paid alcohol and drug counselors who are working under supervision or uncompensated alcohol and drug abuse self-help groups, including, but not limited to, Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous.
- 2298 (x) The provisions of this section shall apply to employees of the 2299 Department of Correction, other than trainees or student interns 2300 covered under subsection (u) of this section and persons completing 2301 supervised paid work experience in order to satisfy mandated clinical 2302 supervision requirements for certification under subsection (e) of this 2303 section, as follows: (1) Any person hired by the Department of 2304 Correction on or after October 1, 2002, for a position as a substance 2305 abuse counselor or supervisor of substance abuse counselors shall be a 2306 licensed or certified alcohol and drug counselor; (2) any person 2307 employed by the Department of Correction prior to October 1, 2002, as 2308 a substance abuse counselor or supervisor of substance abuse 2309 counselors shall become licensed or certified as an alcohol and drug 2310 counselor by October 1, 2007; and (3) any person employed by the 2311 Department of Correction on or after October 1, 2007, as a substance 2312 abuse counselor or supervisor of substance abuse counselors shall be a 2313 licensed or certified alcohol and drug counselor.
- Sec. 50. Section 20-195aa of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- As used in sections 20-195aa to 20-195ee, inclusive, as amended by

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2317 this act: "Professional counseling" means the application, by persons 2318 trained in counseling, of established principles of psycho-social 2319 development and behavioral science to the evaluation, assessment, 2320 analysis, diagnosis and treatment of emotional, behavioral or 2321 interpersonal dysfunction or difficulties that interfere with mental 2322 health and human development. "Professional counseling" includes, 2323 but is not limited to, individual, group, marriage and family 2324 counseling, functional assessments for persons adjusting to a 2325 disability, appraisal, crisis intervention and consultation with 2326 individuals or groups.

- Sec. 51. Section 17a-502 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
 - (a) Any person who a physician concludes has psychiatric disabilities and is dangerous to himself or others or gravely disabled, and is in need of immediate care and treatment in a hospital for psychiatric disabilities, may be confined in such a hospital, either public or private, under an emergency certificate as hereinafter provided for not more than fifteen days without order of any court, unless a written application for commitment of such person has been filed in a probate court prior to the expiration of the fifteen days, in which event such commitment is continued under the emergency certificate for an additional fifteen days or until the completion of probate proceedings, whichever occurs first. In no event shall such person be admitted to or detained at any hospital, either public or private, for more than fifteen days after the execution of the original emergency certificate, on the basis of a new emergency certificate executed at any time during the person's confinement pursuant to the original emergency certificate; and in no event shall more than one subsequent emergency certificate be issued within fifteen days of the execution of the original certificate. If at the expiration of the fifteen days a written application for commitment of such person has not been filed, such person shall be discharged from the hospital. At the time of delivery of such person to such hospital, there shall be left, with the person in charge thereof, a certificate, signed by a physician licensed to

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practice medicine or surgery in Connecticut and dated not more than three days prior to its delivery to the person in charge of the hospital. Such certificate shall state the date of personal examination of the person to be confined, which shall be not more than three days prior to the date of signature of the certificate, shall state the findings of the physician relative to the physical and mental condition of the person and the history of the case, if known, and shall state that it is the opinion of the physician that the person examined has psychiatric disabilities and is dangerous to himself or herself or others or gravely disabled and is in need of immediate care and treatment in a hospital for psychiatric disabilities. Such physician shall state on such certificate the reasons for his or her opinion.

- (b) Any person admitted and detained under this section shall be examined by a physician specializing in psychiatry not later than forty-eight hours after admission as provided in section 17a-545, except that any person admitted and detained under this section at a chronic disease hospital shall be so examined not later than thirty-six hours after admission. If such physician is of the opinion that the person does not meet the criteria for emergency detention and treatment, such person shall be immediately discharged. The physician shall enter the physician's findings in the patient's record.
- (c) Any person admitted and detained under this section shall be promptly informed by the admitting facility that such person has the right to consult an attorney, the right to a hearing under subsection (d) of this section, and that if such a hearing is requested or a probate application is filed, such person has the right to be represented by counsel, and that counsel will be provided at the state's expense if the person is unable to pay for such counsel. The reasonable compensation for counsel provided to persons unable to pay shall be established by, and paid from funds appropriated to, the Judicial Department, however, if funds have not been included in the budget of the Judicial Department for such purposes, such compensation shall be established by the Probate Court Administrator and paid from the Probate Court Administration Fund.

(d) If any person detained under this section, or his or her representative, requests a hearing, in writing, such hearing shall be held within seventy-two hours of receipt of such request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. At such hearing, the person shall have the right to be present, to cross-examine all witnesses testifying, and to be represented by counsel as provided in section 17a-498. The hearing may be requested at any time prior to the initiation of proceedings under section 17a-498. The hearing shall be held by the court of probate having jurisdiction for commitment as provided in section 17a-497, and the hospital shall immediately notify such court of any request for a hearing by a person detained under this section. At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds that there is probable cause to conclude that the person is subject to involuntary confinement under this section, considering the condition of the respondent at the time of the admission and at the time of the hearing, and the effects of medication, if any, and the advisability of continued treatment based on testimony from the hospital staff, the court shall order that such person's detention continue for the remaining time provided for emergency certificates or until the completion of probate proceedings under section 17a-498.

- (e) The person in charge of every private hospital for psychiatric disabilities in the state shall, on a quarterly basis, supply the Commissioner of Mental Health and Addiction Services, in writing with statistics that state for the preceding quarter, the number of admissions of type and the number of discharges for that facility. Said commissioner may adopt regulations to carry out the provisions of this subsection.
- (f) The superintendent or director of any hospital for psychiatric disabilities shall immediately discharge any patient admitted and detained under this section who is later found not to meet the standards for emergency detention and treatment.
- 2416 (g) Any person admitted and detained at any hospital for 2417 psychiatric disabilities under this section shall, upon admission to such

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hospital, furnish the name of his or her next of kin or close friend. The superintendent or director of such hospital shall notify such next of kin or close friend of the admission of such patient and the discharge of such patient, provided such patient consents, in writing, to such notification of his or her discharge.

- (h) No person, who a physician concludes has active suicidal or homicidal intent, may be admitted to or detained at a chronic disease hospital under an emergency certificate issued pursuant to this section, unless such chronic disease hospital is certified under Medicare as an acute care hospital with an inpatient prospective payment system excluded psychiatric unit.
- [(i) For purposes of this section, "hospital" includes a licensed chronic disease hospital with a separate psychiatric unit.]
- Sec. 52. Section 20-241 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

All barber shops and barber schools shall be inspected regarding their sanitary condition by the Department of Public Health whenever the department deems it necessary, and any authorized representative of the department shall have full power to enter and inspect any such shop or school during usual business hours. If any barber shop or barber school, upon such inspection, is found to be in an unsanitary condition, the commissioner or the commissioner's designee shall make written order that such shop or school be placed in a sanitary condition. All barber shops and barber schools shall post in a conspicuous place the license of any person who engages in the practice of barbering in such shop or school. A director of health for any town, city, borough or district department of health, authorized by the department to enter and inspect barber shops and barber schools, in accordance with the provisions of this section, may assess a civil penalty in accordance with the provisions of section 20-249 against any person owning a barber shop or barber school that fails to post the licenses of persons engaged in the practice of barbering as prescribed

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- in this section.
- Sec. 53. Section 33-182aa of the 2010 supplement to the general
- 2452 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
- 2453 (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- As used in this chapter:
- 2455 (1) "Certificate of incorporation" means a certificate of incorporation,
- 2456 as defined in section 33-1002, or any predecessor statute thereto;
- 2457 (2) "Hospital" means a nonstock corporation organized under
- 2458 chapter 602, or any predecessor statute thereto, or by special act and
- 2459 licensed as a hospital pursuant to chapter 368v;
- 2460 (3) "Health system" means a nonstock corporation organized under
- 2461 chapter 602, or any predecessor statute thereto, consisting of a parent
- 2462 corporation of one or more hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter
- 2463 368v, and affiliated through governance, membership or some other
- 2464 means; and
- 2465 (4) "Provider" means a physician licensed under chapter 370, a
- 2466 chiropractor licensed under chapter 372, an optometrist licensed under
- 2467 <u>chapter 380</u> or a podiatrist licensed under chapter 375.
- Sec. 54. Subsection (b) of section 19a-178a of the 2010 supplement to
- 2469 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 2470 thereof (Effective July 1, 2010):
- 2471 (b) The advisory board shall consist of [forty-one] members [,
- 2472 including appointed in accordance with the provisions of this
- 2473 subsection and shall include the Commissioner of Public Health and
- 2474 the department's emergency medical services medical director, or their
- 2475 designees, and each of the regional medical service coordinators
- 2476 appointed pursuant to section 57 of this act. The Governor shall
- 2477 appoint the following members: One person from each of the regional
- 2478 emergency medical services councils; one person from the Connecticut
- 2479 Association of Directors of Health; three persons from the Connecticut

2480 College of Emergency Physicians; one person from the Connecticut 2481 Committee on Trauma of the American College of Surgeons; one 2482 person from the Connecticut Medical Advisory Committee; one person 2483 from the Emergency Department Nurses Association; one person from 2484 the Connecticut Association of Emergency Medical Services 2485 Instructors; one person from the Connecticut Hospital Association; two 2486 persons representing commercial ambulance providers; one person 2487 from the Connecticut Firefighters Association; one person from the 2488 Connecticut Fire Chiefs Association; one person from the Connecticut 2489 Chiefs of Police Association; one person from the Connecticut State 2490 Police; and one person from the Connecticut Commission on Fire 2491 Prevention and Control. An additional eighteen members shall be appointed as follows: Three by the president pro tempore of the 2492 2493 Senate; three by the majority leader of the Senate; four by the minority 2494 leader of the Senate; three by the speaker of the House of 2495 Representatives; two by the majority leader of the House of 2496 Representatives and three by the minority leader of the House of 2497 Representatives. The appointees shall include a person with experience 2498 in municipal ambulance services; a person with experience in for-profit 2499 ambulance services; three persons with experience in volunteer 2500 ambulance services; a paramedic; an emergency medical technician; an 2501 advanced emergency medical technician; three consumers and four 2502 persons from state-wide organizations with interests in emergency 2503 medical services as well as any other areas of expertise that may be 2504 deemed necessary for the proper functioning of the advisory board.

Sec. 55. Subsection (b) of section 19a-181b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2010):

(b) In developing the plan required by subsection (a) of this section, each municipality: (1) May consult with and obtain the assistance of its regional emergency medical services council established pursuant to section 19a-183, its regional emergency medical services coordinator appointed pursuant to section [19a-185] 57 of this act, its regional emergency medical services medical advisory committees and any

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sponsor hospital, as defined in regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-179, <u>as amended by this act</u>, located in the area identified in the plan; and (2) shall submit the plan to its regional emergency medical services council for the council's review and comment.

- Sec. 56. Section 19a-182 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):
 - (a) The emergency medical services councils shall [be the] advise the commissioner on area-wide planning and [coordinating] coordination of agencies for emergency medical services for each region and shall provide continuous evaluation of emergency medical services for their respective geographic areas. A regional emergency medical services coordinator, in consultation with the commissioner, shall assist the emergency medical services council for the respective region in carrying out the duties prescribed in subsection (b) of this section. As directed by the commissioner, the regional emergency medical services coordinator for each region shall facilitate the work of each respective emergency medical services council including, but not limited to, representing the Department of Public Health at any Council of Regional Chairpersons meetings.
 - (b) Each emergency medical services council shall develop and revise every five years a plan for the delivery of emergency medical services in its area, using a format established by the Office of Emergency Medical Services. Each council shall submit an annual update for each regional plan to the Office of Emergency Medical Services detailing accomplishments made toward plan implementation. Such plan shall include an evaluation of the current effectiveness of emergency medical services and detail the needs for the future, and shall contain specific goals for the delivery of emergency medical services within their respective geographic areas, a time frame for achievement of such goals, cost data for the development of such goals, and performance standards for the evaluation of such goals. Special emphasis in such plan shall be placed upon coordinating the existing services into a comprehensive system.

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Such plan shall contain provisions for, but shall not be limited to, the following: (1) Clearly defined geographic regions to be serviced by each provider including cooperative arrangements with other providers and backup services; (2) an adequate number of trained personnel for staffing of ambulances, communications facilities and hospital emergency rooms, with emphasis on former military personnel trained in allied health fields; (3) a communications system that includes a central dispatch center, two-way radio communication between the ambulance and the receiving hospital and a universal emergency telephone number; and (4) a public education program that stresses the need for adequate training in basic lifesaving techniques and cardiopulmonary resuscitation. Such plan shall be submitted to the Commissioner of Public Health no later than June thirtieth each year the plan is due.

Sec. 57. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2010) Any individual employed on June 30, 2010, as a regional emergency medical services coordinator or as an assistant regional emergency medical services coordinator shall be offered an unclassified durational position within the Department of Public Health for the period from July 1, 2010, to June 30, 2011, inclusive, provided no more than five unclassified durational positions shall be created. Within available appropriations, such unclassified durational positions may be extended beyond June 30, 2011. The Commissioner of Administrative Services shall establish job classifications and salaries for such positions in accordance with the provisions of section 4-40 of the general statutes. Any such created positions shall be exempt from collective bargaining requirements and no individual appointed to such position shall have reemployment or any other rights that may have been extended to unclassified employees under a State Employees' Bargaining Agent Coalition agreement. Individuals employed in such unclassified durational positions shall be located at the offices of the Department of Public Health. In no event shall an individual employed in an unclassified durational position pursuant to this section receive credit for any purpose for services performed prior to July 1, 2010.

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Sec. 58. (Effective July 1, 2010) For the fiscal year ending June 30,

- 2582 2011, any funds made available from the Tobacco and Health Trust
- 2583 Fund, created under section 4-28f of the general statutes, for regional
- 2584 emergency medical services councils shall be transferred to the
- 2585 Department of Public Health to carry out the provisions of section 57
- of this act.
- Sec. 59. Section 19a-4l of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2588 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 2589 There is established, within the Department of Public Health, an
- 2590 Office of Oral Public Health. The director of the Office of Oral Public
- 2591 Health shall be [an experienced public health dentist licensed] a dental
- 2592 <u>health professional with a graduate degree in public health and hold a</u>
- 2593 <u>license</u> to practice under chapter 379 <u>or 379a</u> and shall:
- 2594 (1) Coordinate and direct state activities with respect to state and
- 2595 national dental public health programs;
- 2596 (2) Serve as the department's chief advisor on matters involving oral
- 2597 health; and
- 2598 (3) Plan, implement and evaluate all oral health programs within
- 2599 the department.
- Sec. 60. Subsection (b) of section 19a-196b of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective
- 2602 October 1, 2010):
- 2603 (b) Any licensed or certified ambulance may transport patients to
- the state's mobile field hospital when the hospital has been deployed
- 2605 by the Governor or the Governor's designee for the purposes specified
- 2606 in subsection [(m) of section 19a-490] (a) of section 19a-487, as
- 2607 <u>amended by this act</u>.
- Sec. 61. Subsection (b) of section 20-9 of the general statutes is
- 2609 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective from
- 2610 *passage*):

2611 (b) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to:

- 2612 (1) Dentists while practicing dentistry only;
- 2613 (2) Any person in the employ of the United States government while acting in the scope of his employment;
- 2615 (3) Any person who furnishes medical or surgical assistance in cases of sudden emergency;
- (4) Any person residing out of this state who is employed to come into this state to render temporary assistance to or consult with any physician or surgeon who has been licensed in conformity with the provisions of this chapter;
- 2621 (5) Any physician or surgeon residing out of this state who holds a 2622 current license in good standing in another state and who is employed 2623 to come into this state to treat, operate or prescribe for any injury, 2624 deformity, ailment or disease from which the person who employed 2625 such physician, or the person on behalf of whom such physician is 2626 employed, is suffering at the time when such nonresident physician or 2627 surgeon is so employed, provided such physician or surgeon may 2628 practice in this state without a Connecticut license for a period not to 2629 exceed thirty consecutive days;
 - (6) Any person rendering service as (A) an advanced practice registered nurse if such service is rendered in collaboration with a licensed physician, or (B) an advanced practice registered nurse maintaining classification from the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists if such service is under the direction of a licensed physician;
- 2636 (7) Any nurse-midwife practicing nurse-midwifery in accordance 2637 with the provisions of chapter 377;
- 2638 (8) Any podiatrist licensed in accordance with the provisions of chapter 375;

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2640 (9) Any Christian Science practitioner who does not use or prescribe 2641 in his practice any drugs, poisons, medicines, chemicals, nostrums or 2642 surgery;

- 2643 (10) Any person licensed to practice any of the healing arts named 2644 in section 20-1, who does not use or prescribe in his practice any drugs, 2645 medicines, poisons, chemicals, nostrums or surgery;
- (11) Any graduate of any school or institution giving instruction in the healing arts who has been issued a permit in accordance with subsection (a) of section 20-11a and who is serving as an intern, resident or medical officer candidate in a hospital;
 - (12) Any student participating in a clinical clerkship program who has the qualifications specified in subsection (b) of section 20-11a;
- 2652 (13) Any person, otherwise qualified to practice medicine in this 2653 state except that he is a graduate of a medical school located outside of 2654 the United States or the Dominion of Canada which school is 2655 recognized by the American Medical Association or the World Health 2656 Organization, to whom the Connecticut Medical Examining Board, 2657 subject to such regulations as the Commissioner of Public Health, with 2658 advice and assistance from the board, prescribes, has issued a permit 2659 to serve as an intern or resident in a hospital in this state for the 2660 purpose of extending his education;
 - (14) Any person rendering service as a physician assistant licensed pursuant to section 20-12b, a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse or a paramedic, as defined in subdivision (15) of section 19a-175, acting within the scope of regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-179, if such service is rendered under the supervision, control and responsibility of a licensed physician;
- 2667 (15) Any student enrolled in an accredited physician assistant 2668 program or paramedic program approved in accordance with 2669 regulations adopted pursuant to section 19a-179, who is performing 2670 such work as is incidental to his course of study;

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(16) Any person who, on June 1, 1993, has worked continuously in this state since 1979 performing diagnostic radiology services and who, as of October 31, 1997, continued to render such services under the supervision, control and responsibility of a licensed physician solely within the setting where such person was employed on June 1, 1993;

- 2676 (17) Any person practicing athletic training, as defined in section 20-2677 65f;
- (18) When deemed by the Connecticut Medical Examining Board to be in the public's interest, based on such considerations as academic attainments, specialty board certification and years of experience, to a foreign physician or surgeon whose professional activities shall be confined within the confines of a recognized medical school;
- 2683 (19) Any technician engaging in tattooing in accordance with the 2684 provisions of section 19a-92a and any regulations adopted thereunder; 2685 [or]
- 2686 (20) Any person practicing perfusion, as defined in section 20-162aa; 2687 or
- 2688 (21) Any foreign physician or surgeon (A) participating in 2689 supervised clinical training under the direct supervision and control of 2690 a physician or surgeon licensed in accordance with the provisions of 2691 chapter 370, and (B) whose professional activities are confined to a 2692 licensed hospital that has a residency program accredited by the 2693 Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education or that is a 2694 primary affiliated teaching hospital of a medical school accredited by 2695 the Liaison Committee on Medical Education. Such hospital shall 2696 verify that the foreign physician or surgeon holds a current valid 2697 license in another country.
- Sec. 62. (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of section 20-27 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, not later than thirty days after the effective date of this section, the Department of Public Health may issue a license to a chiropractor

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who holds a current, inactive license in good standing that was initially issued by another state or territory prior to August 1, 1995, on the basis of passing a three-part clinical competency examination, a two-part x-ray examination and a jurisprudence examination that were administered by the licensing authority of such state or territory.

Sec. 63. Section 19a-522a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2010*):

The Department of Public Health shall adopt recommendations for minimum and maximum temperatures for areas within nursing homes and rest homes. Such recommendations may be based upon standards set by national public or private entities after research into appropriate temperature settings to ensure the health and safety of the residents of such homes. The department shall make such recommendations available to nursing homes and rest homes and to the public, and shall post such recommendations on the Department of Public Health's web site on the Internet.] A chronic and convalescent nursing home or a rest home with nursing supervision may maintain temperatures in resident rooms and other areas used by residents at such facilities at levels that are lower than minimum temperature standards prescribed in the Public Health Code provided temperature levels at such facilities comply with the comfortable and safe temperature standards prescribed under federal law pursuant to 42 CFR 483.15(h)(6). In accordance with section 19a-36, the Commissioner of Public Health shall amend the Public Health Code in conformity with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 64. (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20-236 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, on or before October 1, 2011, an applicant for licensure as a barber who has completed a fifteen-hundred-hour course in a barber or hairdressing and cosmetology school, approved in accordance with the provisions of chapter 386 or 387 of the general statutes, may qualify for licensure as a barber upon passing the written examination required pursuant to subsection (a) of section 20-236 of the general statutes, as amended by

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2736 Sec. 65. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2010) A chronic and convalescent 2737 nursing home or a rest home with nursing supervision shall preserve 2738 all patient medical records, irrespective of whether such records are in 2739 a printed or electronic format, for not less than seven years following 2740 the date of the patient's discharge from such facility or, in the case of a 2741 patient who dies at the facility, for not less than seven years following 2742 the date of death. A chronic and convalescent nursing home or rest 2743 home with nursing supervision may maintain all or any portion of a 2744 patient's medical record in an electronic format that complies with 2745 accepted professional standards for such medical records. In 2746 accordance with section 19a-36 of the general statutes, the 2747 Commissioner of Public Health shall amend the Public Health Code in 2748 conformity with the provisions of this section.

- Sec. 66. Subsection (c) of section 20-128a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 2752 (c) The Commissioner of Public Health, with advice and assistance 2753 from the board, may make and enforce such regulations as the 2754 commissioner deems necessary to maintain proper professional and 2755 ethical standards for optometrists. The commissioner shall adopt 2756 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, requiring each optometrist 2757 licensed pursuant to this chapter to complete a minimum of twenty 2758 hours of continuing education during each registration period, defined 2759 as the twelve-month period for which a license has been renewed 2760 pursuant to section 19a-88 and is current and valid. The board shall 2761 approve all continuing education courses. The board may revoke or 2762 suspend licenses for cause.
- Sec. 67. Section 20-195c of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- 2766 (a) Each applicant for licensure as a marital and family therapist

shall present to the department satisfactory evidence that such applicant has: (1) Completed a graduate degree program specializing in marital and family therapy from a regionally accredited college or university or an accredited postgraduate clinical training program approved by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education and recognized by the United States Department of Education; (2) completed a supervised practicum or internship with emphasis in marital and family therapy supervised by the program granting the requisite degree or by an accredited postgraduate clinical training program, approved by the Commission on Accreditation for Marriage and Family Therapy Education recognized by the United States Department of Education in which the student received a minimum of five hundred direct clinical hours that included one hundred hours of clinical supervision; (3) completed a minimum of twelve months of relevant postgraduate experience, including at least (A) one thousand hours of direct client contact offering marital and family therapy services subsequent to being awarded a master's degree or doctorate or subsequent to the training year specified in subdivision (2) of this subsection, and (B) one hundred hours of postgraduate clinical supervision provided by a licensed marital and family therapist; and (4) passed an examination prescribed by the department. The fee shall be three hundred fifteen dollars for each initial application.

(b) The department may grant licensure without examination, subject to payment of fees with respect to the initial application, to any applicant who is currently licensed or certified [in another state] as a marital or marriage and family therapist [on the basis of] <u>in another state</u>, territory or commonwealth of the United States, provided such state, territory or commonwealth maintains licensure or certification standards which, in the opinion of the department, are [substantially similar] <u>equivalent</u> to or higher than [those] <u>the standards</u> of this state. No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint.

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(c) Licenses issued under this section may be renewed annually in accordance with the provisions of section 19a-88. The fee for such renewal shall be three hundred fifteen dollars. Each licensed marital and family therapist applying for license renewal shall furnish evidence satisfactory to the commissioner of having participated in continuing education programs. The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, to (1) define basic requirements for continuing education programs, (2) delineate qualifying programs, (3) establish a system of control and reporting, and (4) provide for waiver of the continuing education requirement for good cause.

- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, an applicant who is currently licensed or certified as a marital or marriage and family therapist in another state, territory or commonwealth of the United States that does not maintain standards for licensure or certification that are equivalent to or higher than the standards in this state may substitute five years of licensed or certified work experience in the practice of marital and family therapy, as defined in section 20-195a, in lieu of the requirements of subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of this section.
- Sec. 68. Subsection (a) of section 20-97 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):
- (a) Any person who is licensed at the time of application as a licensed practical nurse, or as a person entitled to perform similar services under a different designation, in another state of the United States, the District of Columbia or a commonwealth or territory subject to the laws of the United States whose requirements for licensure in such capacity are [substantially similar] equivalent to or higher than those of this state, shall be eligible for licensure in this state and entitled to a license without examination upon payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars. If such other state, district, commonwealth or territory issues licenses based on completion of a practical nursing

education program that is shorter in length than the minimum length for this state's practical nursing education programs or based on partial completion of a registered nursing education program, an applicant for licensure under this section may substitute licensed clinical work experience that: (1) Is performed under the supervision of a licensed registered nurse; (2) occurs following the completion of a nursing education program; and (3) when combined with the applicant's educational program, equals or exceeds the minimum program length for licensed practical nursing education programs approved in this state. No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint. The department shall inform the board annually of the number of applications it receives for licenses under this section.

Sec. 69. (*Effective from passage*) Any person who, on or before December 31, 2010, successfully completes (1) a minimum of fifteen hundred hours of education and training in a Connecticut Board of Examiners for Nursing approved registered nursing education program; and (2) the licensure examination as prescribed in section 20-96 of the general statutes shall be eligible for licensure as a practical nurse.

Sec. 70. (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 19a-14 and 19a-88 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, on or before December 31, 2010, any person previously licensed to practice as a registered nurse or practical nurse under chapter 378 of the general statutes whose license became void pursuant to section 19a-88 of the general statutes solely on account of the failure to pay the supplemental annual professional services fee for 2007, may apply to the Commissioner of Public Health for reinstatement of such license, and the commissioner shall reinstate such license without imposing any requirements or conditions on such person other than the filing of such application and the payment of the current fee.

Sec. 71. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2010) A nursing home administrator

2867 of a chronic and convalescent nursing home or a rest home with 2868 nursing supervision shall ensure that all facility staff receive annual in-2869 service training in an area specific to the needs of the patient 2870 population at such facilities. A nursing home administrator shall 2871 ensure that any person conducting the in-service training is familiar 2872 with needs of the patient population at the facility, provided such 2873 training need not be conducted by a qualified social worker or 2874 qualified social worker consultant. In accordance with section 19a-36 of 2875 the general statutes, the Commissioner of Public Health shall amend 2876 the Public Health Code in conformity with the provisions of this 2877 section.

Sec. 72. Subsection (a) of section 21a-70 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(a) As used in this section: (1) "Wholesaler" or "distributor" means a person, whether within or without the boundaries of the state of Connecticut, who supplies drugs, medical devices or cosmetics prepared, produced or packaged by manufacturers, to other wholesalers, manufacturers, distributors, hospitals, prescribing practitioners, as defined in subdivision (22) of section 20-571, pharmacies, federal, state or municipal agencies, clinics or any other person as permitted under subsection (h) of this section, except that: [a] (A) A retail pharmacy or a pharmacy within a licensed hospital which supplies to another such pharmacy a quantity of a noncontrolled drug or a schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance normally stocked by such pharmacies to provide for the immediate needs of a patient pursuant to a prescription or medication order of an authorized practitioner, (B) a pharmacy within a licensed hospital which supplies drugs to another hospital or an authorized practitioner for research purposes, [and] (C) a retail pharmacy which supplies a limited quantity of a noncontrolled drug or of a schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance for emergency stock to a practitioner who is a medical director of a chronic and convalescent nursing home, of a rest home with nursing supervision or of a state correctional institution,

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and (D) a pharmacy within a licensed hospital that contains another hospital wholly within its physical structure which supplies to such contained hospital a quantity of a noncontrolled drug or a schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance normally stocked by such hospitals to provide for the needs of a patient, pursuant to a prescription or medication order of an authorized practitioner, receiving inpatient care on a unit that is operated by the contained hospital shall not be deemed a wholesaler under this section; (2) "manufacturer" means a person whether within or without the boundaries of the state of Connecticut who produces, prepares, cultivates, grows, propagates, compounds, converts or processes, directly or indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin or by means of chemical synthesis or 2913 by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis, or who packages, repackages, labels or relabels a container under such manufacturer's own or any other trademark or label any drug, device or cosmetic for the purpose of selling such items. The words "drugs", "devices" and "cosmetics" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in section 21a-92; and (3) "commissioner" means the Commissioner of Consumer Protection.

- 2920 Sec. 73. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2010*) (a) As used in this section:
- 2921 (1) "Circulating nurse" means a registered nurse licensed under 2922 chapter 378 of the general statutes, who is educated, trained or 2923 experienced in perioperative nursing and who is responsible for 2924 coordinating the nursing care and safety needs of a patient in an 2925 operating room;
- 2926 (2) "Outpatient surgical facility" has the same meaning as provided 2927 in subsection (a) of section 19a-493b of the general statutes; and
- (3) "Perioperative nursing" means nursing services that are 2928 2929 provided to patients during the preoperative, intraoperative and 2930 immediate postoperative periods of a surgical procedure.
- 2931 (b) Any hospital or outpatient surgical facility shall ensure that a 2932 circulating nurse is assigned to, and present for the duration of, each

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2933 surgical procedure performed in an operating room of such hospital or 2934 outpatient surgical facility. While assigned to a surgical procedure, no 2935 hospital or outpatient surgical facility shall assign a circulating nurse 2936 to another procedure that is scheduled to occur concurrently or that 2937 may overlap in time with the originally assigned surgical procedure. A 2938 circulating nurse assigned to a surgical procedure shall be present for 2939 the duration of the procedure unless it becomes necessary for the nurse 2940 to leave the operating room as part of the procedure or the nurse is 2941 relieved by another circulating nurse.

Sec. 74. Section 19a-26 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

(a) The Department of Public Health may establish, maintain and control state laboratories to perform examinations of supposed morbid tissues, other laboratory tests for the diagnosis and control of preventable diseases, and laboratory work in the field of sanitation, environmental and occupational testing and research studies for the protection and preservation of the public health. Such laboratory services shall be performed upon the application of licensed physicians, other laboratories, licensed dentists, licensed podiatrists, local directors of health, public utilities or state departments or institutions, subject to regulations prescribed by the Commissioner of Public Health, and upon payment of any applicable fee as provided in this [section] subsection. For such purposes the department may provide necessary buildings and apparatus, employ, subject to the provisions of chapter 67, administrative and scientific personnel and assistants and do all things necessary for the conduct of such laboratories. The Commissioner of Public Health may establish a schedule of fees, provided the commissioner waives the fees for local directors of health and local law enforcement agencies. If the commissioner establishes a schedule of fees, the commissioner may waive (1) the fees, in full or in part, for others if the commissioner determines that the public health requires a waiver, and (2) fees for chlamydia and gonorrhea testing for nonprofit organizations and institutions of higher education if the organization or institution

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provides combination chlamydia and gonorrhea test kits. The commissioner shall also establish a fair handling fee which a client of a state laboratory may charge a person or third party payer for arranging for the services of the laboratory. Such client shall not charge an amount in excess of such handling fee.

- (b) The Department of Public Health shall ensure that the new state public health laboratory, to be constructed in the town of Rocky Hill, and authorized in accordance with the provisions of subsection (e) of section 2 of special act 01-2 of the June special session, subsection (g) of section 2 of special act 04-2 of the May special session and subsection (o) of section 2 of public act 07-7 of the June special session is constructed and thereafter operates in accordance with all applicable biosafety level criteria as prescribed by the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Office of Health and Safety. The construction of such laboratory shall facilitate the operation and administration of a laboratory that conforms with biosafety level 3 criteria as prescribed by the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Office of Health and Safety. The design or construction of such laboratory shall not permit biosafety level 4 activities to be conducted at such laboratory. No activity shall be conducted at the new state public health laboratory that exceeds biosafety level 3, nor shall any person, entity or state agency make application or seek permission to convert the public health laboratory into a facility that engages in biosafety level 4 activities.
- Sec. 75. Subsection (b) of section 19a-77 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 2994 (b) For licensing requirement purposes, child day care services shall not include such services which are:
- 2996 (1) (A) Administered by a public school system, or (B) administered 2997 by a municipal agency or department and located in a public school 2998 building;

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2999 (2) Administered by a private school which is in compliance with 3000 section 10-188 and is approved by the State Board of Education or is 3001 accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the State Board of Education;

- (3) Classes in music, dance, drama and art that are no longer than two hours in length; classes that teach a single skill that are no longer than two hours in length; library programs that are no longer than two hours in length; scouting; programs that offer exclusively sports activities; rehearsals; academic tutoring programs; or programs exclusively for children thirteen years of age or older;
- (4) Informal arrangements among neighbors or relatives in their own homes, provided the relative is limited to any of the following degrees of kinship by blood or marriage to the child being cared for or to the child's parent: Child, grandchild, sibling, niece, nephew, aunt, uncle or child of one's aunt or uncle;
 - (5) Drop-in supplementary child care operations for educational or recreational purposes and the child receives such care infrequently where the parents are on the premises;
- 3017 (6) Drop-in supplementary child care operations in retail 3018 establishments where the parents are on the premises for retail 3019 shopping, in accordance with section 19a-77a, provided that the drop-in supplementary child-care operation does not charge a fee and does 3021 not refer to itself as a child day care center;
- 3022 (7) Drop-in programs administered by a nationally chartered boys' and girls' club;
- 3024 (8) Religious educational activities administered by a religious 3025 institution exclusively for children whose parents or legal guardians 3026 are members of such religious institution; [or]
- 3027 (9) Administered by Solar Youth, Inc., a New Haven-based 3028 nonprofit youth development and environmental education

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organization, provided Solar Youth, Inc. informs the parents and legal guardians of any children enrolled in its programs that such programs are not licensed by the Department of Public Health to provide child day care services; or

(10) Programs administered by organizations under contract with the Department of Social Services pursuant to section 17b-851a that promote the reduction of teenage pregnancy through the provision of services to persons who are ten to nineteen years of age, inclusive.

Sec. 76. Section 20-254 of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

Any person who holds a license at the time of application as a registered hairdresser and cosmetician, or as a person entitled to perform similar services under different designations in any other state, in the District of Columbia, or in a commonwealth or territory of the United States, and who [(1) has completed not less than fifteen hundred hours of formal education and training in hairdressing and cosmetology, and (2)] was issued such license on the basis of successful completion of a program of education and training in hairdressing and cosmetology and an examination shall be eligible for licensing in this state and entitled to a license without examination upon payment of a fee of fifty dollars. [Applicants who trained in another state, district, commonwealth or territory which required less than fifteen hundred hours of formal education and training may substitute no more than five hundred hours of licensed work experience in such other state, district, commonwealth or territory toward meeting the training requirement.] No license shall be issued under this section to any applicant against whom professional disciplinary action is pending or who is the subject of an unresolved complaint. [The department shall inform the board annually of the number of applications it receives for licensure without examination under this section.]

Sec. 77. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2010) A chronic and convalescent

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nursing home or a rest home with nursing supervision may extend the maximum time span between the patient's evening meal and breakfast from fourteen hours to sixteen hours provided such extension of the time span meets the requirements of 42 CFR 483.35(f)(4). A chronic and convalescent nursing home or a rest home with nursing supervision, when providing bed time nourishment to patients as required by the Public Health Code, shall verbally offer such nourishment to patients and shall not be required to serve such nourishment to patients who decline such nourishment. In accordance with section 19a-36 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Public Health shall amend the Public Health Code in conformity with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 78. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2010*) A chronic and convalescent nursing home or a rest home with nursing supervision may provide one stretcher per floor irrespective of whether such floor contains multiple nursing units. In accordance with section 19a-36 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of Public Health shall amend the Public Health Code in conformity with the provisions of this section.

Sec. 79. Section 19a-7f of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

The <u>Commissioner of Public Health shall determine the</u> standard of care for immunization for the children of this state. The standard of care for immunization shall be <u>based on</u> the recommended [schedule] <u>schedules</u> for active immunization for normal infants and children published by the [committee on infectious diseases of the American Academy of Pediatrics or the schedule published by the National Immunization Practices] <u>National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u> Advisory Committee, as determined by the Commissioner of Public Health <u>on Immunization Practices</u>, the American Academy of <u>Pediatrics and the American Academy of Family Physicians</u>. The commissioner shall establish, within available appropriations, an immunization program which shall: (1) Provide vaccine at no cost to health care providers in Connecticut to administer to children so that cost of vaccine will not be a barrier to age-appropriate vaccination in

this state; (2) with the assistance of hospital maternity programs, provide all parents in this state with the recommended immunization schedule for normal infants and children, a booklet to record immunizations at the time of the infant's discharge from the hospital nursery and a list of sites where immunization may be provided; (3) inform in a timely manner all health care providers of changes in the recommended immunization schedule; (4) assist hospitals, local health providers and local health departments to develop and implement record-keeping and outreach programs to identify and immunize children who have fallen behind the recommended immunization schedule or who lack access to regular preventative health care and have the authority to gather such data as may be needed to evaluate such efforts; (5) assist in the development of a program to assess the vaccination status of children who are clients of state and federal programs serving the health and welfare of children and make provision for vaccination of those who are behind the recommended immunization schedule; (6) access available state and federal funds including, but not limited to, any funds available through the federal Childhood Immunization Reauthorization or any funds available through the Medicaid program; (7) solicit, receive and expend funds from any public or private source; and (8) develop and make available to parents and health care providers public health educational materials about the benefits of timely immunization.

Sec. 80. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2010) A hospital, as defined in section 19a-490b of the general statutes, may designate any licensed health care provider and any certified ultrasound or nuclear medicine technician to perform the following oxygen-related patient care activities in a hospital: (1) Connecting or disconnecting oxygen supply; (2) transporting a portable oxygen source; (3) connecting, disconnecting or adjusting the mask, tubes and other patient oxygen delivery apparatus; and (4) adjusting the rate or flow of oxygen consistent with a medical order. Such provider or technician may perform such activities only to the extent permitted by hospital policies and procedures, including bylaws, rules and regulations applicable to

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the medical staff. A hospital shall document that each person designated to perform oxygen-related patient care activities has been properly trained, either through such person's professional education or through training provided by the hospital. In addition, a hospital shall require that such person satisfy annual competency testing. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any type of ventilator, continuous positive airway pressure or bi-level positive airway pressure units or any other noninvasive positive pressure ventilation.

- Sec. 81. Subsection (b) of section 12-743 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2010):
- (b) The Commissioner of Revenue Services shall revise the tax return form to implement the provisions of subsection (a) of this section which form shall include spaces on the return in which taxpayers may indicate their intention to make a contribution, in a whole dollar amount, in accordance with this section. The commissioner shall include in the instructions accompanying the tax return a description of the purposes for which the organ transplant account, the AIDS research education account, the endangered species, natural area preserves and watchable wildlife account, the breast cancer research and education account and the safety net account were created. For purposes of facilitating the registration of a taxpayer as an organ donor, the commissioner shall include information in the instructions accompanying the tax return that (1) indicates the manner by which a taxpayer may contact an organ donor registry organization, or (2) provides electronic links to appropriate organ donor registry organizations for such purpose.
- Sec. 82. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) There is hereby created as a body politic and corporate, constituting a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the state created for the performance of an essential public and governmental function, the Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut, which is empowered to carry out the purposes of the authority, as defined in subsection (b) of this

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section, which are hereby determined to be public purposes for which public funds may be expended. The Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut shall not be construed to be a department, institution or agency of the state.

- (b) For purposes of this section, sections 83 to 85, inclusive, of this act and section 19a-25g of the general statutes, as amended by this act, "authority" means the Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut and "purposes of the authority" means the purposes of the authority expressed in and pursuant to this section, including the promoting, planning and designing, developing, assisting, acquiring, constructing, maintaining and equipping, reconstructing and improving of health care information technology. The powers enumerated in this section shall be interpreted broadly to effectuate the purposes of the authority and shall not be construed as a limitation of powers. The authority shall have the power to:
- (1) Establish an office in the state;
- 3177 (2) Employ such assistants, agents and other employees as may be 3178 necessary or desirable, which employees shall be exempt from the 3179 classified service and shall not be employees, as defined in subsection 3180 (b) of section 5-270 of the general statutes;
 - (3) Establish all necessary or appropriate personnel practices and policies, including those relating to hiring, promotion, compensation, retirement and collective bargaining, which need not be in accordance with chapter 68 of the general statutes, and the authority shall not be an employer, as defined in subsection (a) of section 5-270 of the general statutes;
- 3187 (4) Engage consultants, attorneys and other experts as may be necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the authority;
- 3189 (5) Acquire, lease, purchase, own, manage, hold and dispose of 3190 personal property, and lease, convey or deal in or enter into 3191 agreements with respect to such property on any terms necessary or

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- 3192 incidental to the carrying out of these purposes;
- 3193 (6) Procure insurance against loss in connection with its property 3194 and other assets in such amounts and from such insurers as it deems 3195 desirable;
- (7) Make and enter into any contract or agreement necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and execution of its powers.

 The contracts entered into by the authority shall not be subject to the approval of any other state department, office or agency. However, copies of all contracts of the authority shall be maintained by the authority as public records, subject to the proprietary rights of any party to the contract;
 - (8) To the extent permitted under its contract with other persons, consent to any termination, modification, forgiveness or other change of any term of any contractual right, payment, royalty, contract or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party;
- 3207 (9) Receive and accept, from any source, aid or contributions, 3208 including money, property, labor and other things of value;
- (10) Invest any funds not needed for immediate use or disbursement in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States of America or the state and in obligations that are legal investments for savings banks in this state;
- 3213 (11) Account for and audit funds of the authority and funds of any recipients of funds from the authority;
- 3215 (12) Sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, adopt a seal and alter 3216 the same at pleasure;
- 3217 (13) Adopt regular procedures for exercising the power of the 3218 authority not in conflict with other provisions of the general statutes; 3219 and
- 3220 (14) Do all acts and things necessary and convenient to carry out the

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3221 purposes of the authority.

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(c) (1) The Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut shall be managed by a board of directors. The board shall consist of the following members: The Lieutenant Governor, or his or her designee; the Commissioners of Public Health, Social Services and Consumer Protection, or their designees; the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Information Technology, or his or her designee; three appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be a representative of a medical research organization, one of whom shall be an insurer or representative of a health plan and one of whom shall be an attorney with background and experience in the field of privacy, health data security or patient rights; three appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one of whom shall have background and experience with a private sector health information exchange or health information technology entity, one of whom shall have expertise in public health and one of whom shall be a physician licensed under chapter 370 of the general statutes who works in a practice of not more than ten physicians and who is not employed by a hospital, health network, health plan, health system, academic institution or university; three appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a representative of hospitals, an integrated delivery network or a hospital association, one of whom who shall have expertise with federally qualified health centers and one of whom shall be a consumer or consumer advocate; one appointed by the majority leader of the Senate, who shall be a primary care physician whose practice utilizes electronic health records; one appointed by the majority leader of the House of Representatives, who shall be a consumer or consumer advocate; one appointed by the minority leader of the Senate, who shall be a pharmacist or a health care provider utilizing electronic health information exchange; and one appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives, who shall be a large employer or a representative of a business group. The Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the Healthcare Advocate, or their designees, shall be ex-officio, nonvoting members of the board.

The Commissioner of Public Health, or his or her designee, shall serve as the chairperson of the board.

- (2) All initial appointments to the board shall be made on or before October 1, 2010. The initial term for the board members appointed by the Governor shall be for four years. The initial term for board members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the majority leader of the House of Representatives shall be for three years. The initial term for board members appointed by the minority leader of the House of Representatives and the minority leader of the Senate shall be for two years. The initial term for the board members appointed by the president pro tempore of the Senate and the majority leader of the Senate shall be for one year. Terms shall expire on September thirtieth of each year in accordance with the provisions of this subsection. Any vacancy shall be filled by the appointing authority for the balance of the unexpired term. Other than an initial term, a board member shall serve for a term of four years. No board member, including initial board members, may serve for more than two terms. Any member of the board may be removed by the appropriate appointing authority for misfeasance, malfeasance or wilful neglect of duty.
 - (3) The chairperson shall schedule the first meeting of the board, which shall be held not later than November 1, 2010.
- (4) Any member appointed to the board who fails to attend three consecutive meetings or who fails to attend fifty per cent of all meetings held during any calendar year shall be deemed to have resigned from the board.
- (5) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, it shall not constitute a conflict of interest for a trustee, director, partner, officer, stockholder, proprietor, counsel or employee of any person, firm or corporation to serve as a board member, provided such trustee, director, partner, officer, stockholder, proprietor, counsel or employee shall abstain from deliberation, action or vote by the board in specific

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respect to such person, firm or corporation. All members shall be deemed public officials and shall adhere to the code of ethics for public officials set forth in chapter 10 of the general statutes.

- (6) Board members shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall receive actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- (d) The board shall select and appoint a chief executive officer who shall be responsible for administering the authority's programs and activities in accordance with policies and objectives established by the board. The chief executive officer shall serve at the pleasure of the board and shall receive such compensation as shall be determined by the board. The chief executive officer (1) may employ such other employees as shall be designated by the board of directors; and (2) shall attend all meetings of the board, keep a record of all proceedings and maintain and be custodian of all books, documents and papers filed with the authority and of the minute book of the authority.
- shall direct the authority regarding: board Implementation and periodic revisions of the health information technology plan submitted in accordance with the provisions of section 74 of public act 09-232, including the implementation of an integrated state-wide electronic health information infrastructure for the sharing of electronic health information among health care facilities, health care professionals, public and private payors, state and federal agencies and patients; (2) appropriate protocols for health information exchange; and (3) electronic data standards to facilitate the development of a state-wide integrated electronic health information system, as defined in subsection (a) of section 19a-25d of the general statutes, for use by health care providers and institutions that receive state funding. Such electronic data standards shall: (A) Include provisions relating to security, privacy, data content, structures and format, vocabulary and transmission protocols; (B) limit the use and dissemination of an individual's Social Security number and require the encryption of any Social Security number provided by an

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3320 individual; (C) require privacy standards no less stringent than the 3321 "Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information" 3322 established under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability 3323 Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, as amended from time to time, and contained 3324 in 45 CFR 160, 164; (D) require that individually identifiable health 3325 information be secure and that access to such information be traceable by an electronic audit trail; (E) be compatible with any national data 3326 3327 standards in order to allow for interstate interoperability, as defined in 3328 subsection (a) of section 19a-25d of the general statutes; (F) permit the 3329 collection of health information in a standard electronic format, as 3330 defined in subsection (a) of section 19a-25d of the general statutes; and 3331 (G) be compatible with the requirements for an electronic health 3332 information system, as defined in subsection (a) of section 19a-25d of 3333 the general statutes.

- (f) Applications for grants from the authority shall be made on a form prescribed by the board. The board shall review applications and decide whether to award a grant. The board may consider, as a condition for awarding a grant, the potential grantee's financial participation and any other factors it deems relevant.
- 3339 (g) The board may consult with such parties, public or private, as it deems desirable in exercising its duties under this section.
- 3341 (h) Not later than February 1, 2011, and annually thereafter until 3342 February 1, 2016, the chief executive officer of the authority shall 3343 report, in accordance with section 11-4a of the general statutes, to the 3344 Governor and the General Assembly on (1) any private or federal 3345 funds received during the preceding year and, if applicable, how such 3346 funds were expended, (2) the amount and recipients of grants 3347 awarded, and (3) the current status of health information exchange and 3348 health information technology in the state.
- Sec. 83. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut may establish or designate one or more subsidiaries for the purpose of creating, developing,

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coordinating and operating a state-wide health information exchange, or for such other purposes as prescribed by resolution of the authority's board of directors, which purposes shall be consistent with the purposes of the authority. Each subsidiary shall be deemed a quasi-public agency for purposes of chapter 12 of the general statutes. The authority may transfer to any such subsidiary any moneys and real or personal property. Each such subsidiary shall have all the privileges, immunities, tax exemptions and other exemptions of the authority. A resolution of the authority shall prescribe the purposes for which each subsidiary is formed.

- (b) Each such subsidiary may sue and shall be subject to suit, provided the liability of each such subsidiary shall be limited solely to the assets, revenues and resources of such subsidiary and without recourse to the general funds, revenues, resources or any other assets of the authority or any other subsidiary. Each such subsidiary shall have the power to do all acts and things necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes for which such subsidiary is established, including, but not limited to: (1) Solicit, receive and accept aid, grants or contributions from any source of money, property or labor or other things of value, subject to the conditions upon which such grants and contributions may be made, including, but not limited to, gifts, grants or loans from any department, agency or quasi-public agency of the United States or the state, or from any organization recognized as a nonprofit organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time; (2) enter into agreements with persons upon such terms and conditions as are consistent with the purposes of such subsidiary; and (3) acquire, take title, lease, purchase, own, manage, hold and dispose of real and personal property and lease, convey or deal in or enter into agreements with respect to such property.
- (c) Each such subsidiary shall act through its board of directors, not less than fifty per cent of whom shall be members of the board of directors of the authority or their designees.

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(d) The provisions of section 1-125 of the general statutes, as amended by this act, and this section shall apply to any officer, director, designee or employee appointed as a member, director or officer of any such subsidiary. Neither any such persons so appointed nor the directors, officers or employees of the authority shall be personally liable for the debts, obligations or liabilities of any such subsidiary as provided in said section 1-125. Each subsidiary shall, and the authority may, provide for the indemnification to protect, save harmless and indemnify such officer, director, designee or employee as provided by said section 1-125.

- (e) The authority or any such subsidiary may take such actions as are necessary to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or any subsequent corresponding internal revenue code of the United States, as amended from time to time, to qualify and maintain any such subsidiary as a corporation exempt from taxation under said Internal Revenue Code.
- (f) The authority may make loans or grants to, and may guarantee specified obligations of, any such subsidiary, following standard authority procedures, from the authority's assets and the proceeds of its bonds, notes and other obligations, provided the source and security, if any, for the repayment of any such loans or guarantees is derived from the assets, revenues and resources of such subsidiary.
- Sec. 84. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) The state of Connecticut does hereby pledge to and agree with any person with whom the Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut may enter into contracts pursuant to the provisions of sections 82 to 85, inclusive, of this act that the state will not limit or alter the rights hereby vested in the authority until such contracts and the obligations thereunder are fully met and performed on the part of the authority, provided nothing contained in this section shall preclude such limitation or alteration if adequate provision shall be made by law for the protection of such persons entering into contracts with the authority.

Sec. 85. (NEW) (Effective from passage) The Health Information Technology Exchange of Connecticut shall be and is hereby declared exempt from all franchise, corporate business, property and income taxes levied by the state or any municipality, provided nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt from any such taxes, or from any taxes levied in connection with the manufacture or sale of any products which are the subject of any agreement made by the authority, any person entering into any agreement with the authority.

- Sec. 86. Section 19a-25g of the 2010 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3429 (a) [On and after July 1, 2009, the] <u>The</u> Department of Public Health 3430 shall be the lead health information exchange organization for the state 3431 from July 1, 2009, to December 31, 2010, inclusive. The department 3432 shall seek private and federal funds, including funds made available 3433 pursuant to the federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 3434 2009, for the initial development of a state-wide health information 3435 exchange. [Any private or federal funds received by the department 3436 may be used for the purpose of establishing health information 3437 technology pilot programs and the grant programs described in 3438 section 19a-25h.]
- 3439 (b) On and after January 1, 2011, the Health Information Technology 3440 Exchange of Connecticut, created pursuant to section 82 of this act, 3441 shall be the lead health information organization for the state. The authority shall continue to seek private and federal funds for the 3442 3443 development and operation of a state-wide health information 3444 exchange. The Department of Public Health may contract with the 3445 authority to transfer unexpended federal funds received by the department pursuant to the federal American Recovery and 3446 3447 Reinvestment Act of 2009, P.L. 111-05, if any, for the initial 3448 development of a state-wide health information exchange. The 3449 authority shall, within available resources, provide grants for the 3450 advancement of health information technology and exchange in this

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3451 <u>state</u>, pursuant to subsection (f) of section 82 of this act.

3452 [(b)] (c) The department shall [: (1) Facilitate] facilitate the 3453 implementation and periodic revisions of the health information 3454 technology plan after the plan is initially submitted in accordance with 3455 the provisions of section 74 of public act 09-232, including the 3456 implementation of an integrated state-wide electronic health 3457 information infrastructure for the sharing of electronic health 3458 information among health care facilities, health care professionals, 3459 public and private payors, state and federal agencies and patients [, 3460 and (2) develop standards and protocols for privacy in the sharing of 3461 electronic health information. Such standards and protocols shall be no 3462 less stringent than the "Standards for Privacy of Individually 3463 Identifiable Health Information" established under the Health 3464 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, P.L. 104-191, as 3465 amended from time to time, and contained in 45 CFR 160, 164. Such 3466 standards and protocols shall require that individually identifiable 3467 health information be secure and that access to such information be 3468 traceable by an electronic audit trail] until December 31, 2010. On and 3469 after January 1, 2011, the Health Information Technology Exchange of 3470 Connecticut shall be responsible for the implementation and periodic 3471 revisions of the health information technology plan.

- Sec. 87. Subsection (l) of section 1-79 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3475 (l) "Quasi-public agency" means the Connecticut Development 3476 Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Health 3477 and Education Facilities Authority, Connecticut Higher Education 3478 Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance 3479 Authority, Connecticut Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources 3480 Recovery Authority, Lower Fairfield County Convention Center 3481 Authority, Capital City Economic Development Authority, [and] 3482 Connecticut Lottery Corporation and Health Information Technology 3483 Exchange of Connecticut.

Sec. 88. Subdivision (1) of section 1-120 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

- 3487 (1) "Quasi-public agency" means the Connecticut Development Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Health 3488 3489 and Educational Facilities Authority, Connecticut Higher Education 3490 Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance 3491 Authority, Connecticut Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources 3492 Recovery Authority, Capital City Economic Development Authority, 3493 [and] Connecticut Lottery Corporation and Health Information 3494 Technology Exchange of Connecticut.
- Sec. 89. Section 1-124 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 3497 (a) The Connecticut Development Authority, the Connecticut 3498 Health and Educational Facilities Authority, the Connecticut Higher 3499 Education Supplemental Loan Authority, the Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, the Connecticut Housing Authority, 3500 3501 Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, the Health Information 3502 Technology Exchange of Connecticut and the Capital City Economic 3503 Development Authority shall not borrow any money or issue any 3504 bonds or notes which are guaranteed by the state of Connecticut or for 3505 which there is a capital reserve fund of any kind which is in any way 3506 contributed to or guaranteed by the state of Connecticut until and 3507 unless such borrowing or issuance is approved by the State Treasurer or the Deputy State Treasurer appointed pursuant to section 3-12. The 3508 3509 approval of the State Treasurer or said deputy shall be based on documentation provided by the authority that it has sufficient 3510 3511 revenues to (1) pay the principal of and interest on the bonds and notes 3512 issued, (2) establish, increase and maintain any reserves deemed by the 3513 authority to be advisable to secure the payment of the principal of and 3514 interest on such bonds and notes, (3) pay the cost of maintaining, 3515 servicing and properly insuring the purpose for which the proceeds of the bonds and notes have been issued, if applicable, and (4) pay such 3516

other costs as may be required.

3518 (b) To the extent the Connecticut Development Authority, 3519 Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Higher Education 3520 Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance 3521 Authority, Connecticut Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources 3522 Recovery Authority, Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities 3523 Authority, the Health Information Technology Exchange of 3524 Connecticut or the Capital City Economic Development Authority is 3525 permitted by statute and determines to exercise any power to 3526 moderate interest rate fluctuations or enter into any investment or 3527 program of investment or contract respecting interest rates, currency, 3528 cash flow or other similar agreement, including, but not limited to, 3529 interest rate or currency swap agreements, the effect of which is to 3530 subject a capital reserve fund which is in any way contributed to or 3531 guaranteed by the state of Connecticut, to potential liability, such 3532 determination shall not be effective until and unless the State 3533 Treasurer or his or her deputy appointed pursuant to section 3-12 has 3534 approved such agreement or agreements. The approval of the State 3535 Treasurer or his or her deputy shall be based on documentation 3536 provided by the authority that it has sufficient revenues to meet the 3537 financial obligations associated with the agreement or agreements.

Sec. 90. Section 1-125 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):

3540 The directors, officers and employees of the Connecticut 3541 Development Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, 3542 Connecticut Higher Education Supplemental Loan Authority, 3543 Connecticut Housing Finance Authority, Connecticut Housing 3544 Authority, Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, including ad 3545 hoc members of the Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, 3546 Connecticut Health and Educational Facilities Authority, Capital City 3547 Economic Development Authority, the Health Information Technology 3548 Exchange of Connecticut and Connecticut Lottery Corporation and 3549 any person executing the bonds or notes of the agency shall not be

3550 liable personally on such bonds or notes or be subject to any personal 3551 liability or accountability by reason of the issuance thereof, nor shall 3552 any director or employee of the agency, including ad hoc members of 3553 the Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, be personally liable for 3554 damage or injury, not wanton, reckless, wilful or malicious, caused in 3555 the performance of his or her duties and within the scope of his or her 3556 employment or appointment as such director, officer or employee, 3557 including ad hoc members of the Connecticut Resources Recovery 3558 Authority. The agency shall protect, save harmless and indemnify its 3559 directors, officers or employees, including ad hoc members of the 3560 Connecticut Resources Recovery Authority, from financial loss and 3561 expense, including legal fees and costs, if any, arising out of any claim, 3562 demand, suit or judgment by reason of alleged negligence or alleged 3563 deprivation of any person's civil rights or any other act or omission 3564 resulting in damage or injury, if the director, officer or employee, 3565 including ad hoc members of the Connecticut Resources Recovery 3566 Authority, is found to have been acting in the discharge of his or her 3567 duties or within the scope of his or her employment and such act or 3568 omission is found not to have been wanton, reckless, wilful or 3569 malicious.

Sec. 91. Section 20-631 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2010*):

(a) [(1) One] Except as provided in section 2 of this act, one or more pharmacists licensed under this chapter who are determined [eligible] competent in accordance with [subsection (c) of this section, and employed by a hospital] regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (d) of this section may enter into a written protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement with one or more physicians licensed under chapter 370 to manage the drug therapy of individual patients. [receiving inpatient services in a hospital licensed under chapter 368v, in accordance with subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section and subject to the approval of the hospital.] In order to enter into a written protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement, such physician shall have established a

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physician-patient relationship with the patient who will receive collaborative drug therapy. Each patient's collaborative drug therapy management shall be governed by a written protocol specific to that patient established by the treating physician in consultation with the pharmacist. For purposes of this subsection, a "physician-patient relationship" is a relationship based on (1) the patient making a medical complaint, (2) the patient providing a medical history, (3) the patient receiving a physical examination, and (4) a logical connection existing between the medical complaint, the medical history, the physical examination and any drug prescribed for the patient.

[(2) One or more pharmacists licensed under this chapter who are determined eligible in accordance with subsection (c) of this section and employed by or under contract with a nursing home facility, as defined in section 19a-521, may enter into a written protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement with one or more physicians licensed under chapter 370 to manage the drug therapy of individual patients receiving services in a nursing home facility, in accordance with subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section and subject to the approval of the nursing home facility. Each patient's collaborative drug therapy management shall be governed by a written protocol specific to that patient established by the treating physician in consultation with the pharmacist. Each such protocol shall be reviewed and approved by the active organized medical staff of the nursing home in accordance with the requirements of section 19-13-D8t(i) of the Public Health Code.

(3) One or more pharmacists licensed under this chapter who are determined eligible in accordance with subsection (c) of this section and employed by or under contract with a hospital licensed under chapter 368v may enter into a written protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement with one or more physicians licensed under chapter 370 to manage the drug therapy of individual patients receiving outpatient hospital care or services for diabetes, asthma, hypertension, hyperlipidemia, osteoporosis, congestive heart failure or smoking cessation, including patients who qualify as

targeted beneficiaries under the provisions of Section 1860D-3619 4(c)(2)(A)(ii) of the federal Social Security Act, in accordance with subsections (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section and subject to the approval of the hospital. Each patient's collaborative drug therapy management shall be governed by a written protocol specific to that patient established by the treating physician in consultation with the pharmacist.]

(b) A collaborative drug therapy management agreement may authorize a pharmacist to implement, modify or discontinue a drug therapy that has been prescribed for a patient, order associated laboratory tests and administer drugs, all in accordance with a patientspecific written protocol. In instances where drug therapy is discontinued, the pharmacist shall notify the treating physician of such discontinuance no later than twenty-four hours from the time of such discontinuance. Each protocol developed, pursuant to the collaborative drug therapy management agreement, shall contain detailed direction concerning the actions that the pharmacist may perform for that patient. The protocol shall include, but need not be limited to, (1) the specific drug or drugs to be managed by the pharmacist, (2) the terms and conditions under which drug therapy may be implemented, modified or discontinued, (3) the conditions and events upon which the pharmacist is required to notify the physician, and (4) the laboratory tests that may be ordered. All activities performed by the pharmacist in conjunction with the protocol shall be documented in the patient's medical record. The pharmacist shall report at least every thirty days to the physician regarding the patient's drug therapy management. The collaborative drug therapy management agreement and protocols shall be available for inspection by the Departments of Public Health and Consumer Protection. A copy of the protocol shall be filed in the patient's medical record.

(c) A pharmacist shall be responsible for demonstrating, in accordance with [this subsection] <u>regulations adopted pursuant to subsection</u> (d) of this <u>section</u>, the competence necessary for participation in each drug therapy management agreement into which

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such pharmacist enters. [The pharmacist's competency shall be determined by the hospital or nursing home facility for which the pharmacist is employed. A copy of the criteria upon which the hospital or nursing home facility determines competency shall be filed with the Commission of Pharmacy.]

- (d) The Commissioner of [Public Health] <u>Consumer Protection</u>, in consultation with the Commissioner of [Consumer Protection, may] <u>Public Health, shall</u> adopt regulations, in accordance with chapter 54, concerning <u>competency requirements</u> for participation in a written <u>protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement described in subsection (a) of this section</u>, the minimum content of the collaborative drug therapy management agreement and the written protocol and [as otherwise] <u>such other matters said commissioners deem</u> necessary to carry out the purpose of this section.
- Sec. 92. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2010*) The provisions of section 20-631 of the general statutes, in effect on September 30, 2010, shall apply to any written protocol-based collaborative drug therapy management agreement entered into prior to October 1, 2010.
- Sec. 93. Section 19a-185 of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective October 1, 2010*)
- Sec. 94. Section 19a-25h of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective* 3673 *January* 1, 2011)"

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
Section 1	October 1, 2010	19a-493(a)		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2010	19a-490n		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2010	19a-490o		
Sec. 4	October 1, 2010	19a-490b(e)		
Sec. 5	October 1, 2010	20-7c		
Sec. 6	October 1, 2010	19a-498		
Sec. 7	October 1, 2010	19a-503		
Sec. 8	October 1, 2010	19a-528a		

Sec. 9	October 1, 2010	19a-561
Sec. 10	October 1, 2010	19a-491(b)
Sec. 11	October 1, 2010	20-114(a)
Sec. 12	October 1, 2010	20-29
Sec. 13	October 1, 2010	20-27(c)
Sec. 14	October 1, 2010	20-206bb(c)
Sec. 15	October 1, 2011	20-236
Sec. 16	October 1, 2011	20-262
Sec. 17	October 1, 2010	19a-513
Sec. 18	October 1, 2010	20-87a(a)
Sec. 19	October 1, 2010	19a-14
Sec. 20	October 1, 2010	19a-14
Sec. 21	October 1, 2010	20-126c(b)
Sec. 22	from passage	19a-904(a)(5)
Sec. 23	October 1, 2010	19a-180(f)
Sec. 24	October 1, 2010	19a-175
Sec. 25	from passage	New section
Sec. 26	from passage	20-74mm(b)
Sec. 27	July 1, 2011	20-74qq(a)
Sec. 28	October 1, 2010	20-195a
Sec. 29	October 1, 2010	19a-181a
Sec. 30	from passage	19a-80(b)(1)
Sec. 31	October 1, 2010	20-206kk
Sec. 32	October 1, 2010	19a-490(k) to (m)
Sec. 33	October 1, 2010	19a-487
Sec. 34	October 1, 2010	22a-475
Sec. 35	October 1, 2010	22a-477(p)
Sec. 36	October 1, 2010	22a-477(s) and (t)
Sec. 37	October 1, 2010	22a-478(h) to (n)
Sec. 38	October 1, 2010	22a-479(c) and (d)
Sec. 39	October 1, 2010	22a-479(f)
Sec. 40	October 1, 2010	22a-480
Sec. 41	October 1, 2010	22a-482
Sec. 42	October 1, 2010	20-101
Sec. 43	October 1, 2010	19a-32f
Sec. 44	October 1, 2010	19a-701
Sec. 45	October 1, 2010	19a-200
Sec. 46	October 1, 2010	19a-244
Sec. 47	from passage	New section
Sec. 48	October 1, 2010	19a-91(b)

Sec. 49	October 1, 2010	20-74s
Sec. 50	October 1, 2010	20-195aa
Sec. 51	from passage	17a-502
Sec. 52	October 1, 2010	20-241
Sec. 53	October 1, 2010	33-182aa
Sec. 54	July 1, 2010	19a-178a(b)
Sec. 55	July 1, 2010	19a-181b(b)
Sec. 56	July 1, 2010	19a-182
Sec. 57	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 58	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 59	October 1, 2010	19a-4 <i>l</i>
Sec. 60	October 1, 2010	19a-196b(b)
Sec. 61	from passage	20-9(b)
Sec. 62	from passage	New section
Sec. 63	July 1, 2010	19a-522a
Sec. 64	from passage	New section
Sec. 65	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 66	October 1, 2010	20-128a(c)
Sec. 67	October 1, 2010	20-195c
Sec. 68	October 1, 2010	20-97(a)
Sec. 69	from passage	New section
Sec. 70	from passage	New section
Sec. 71	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 72	October 1, 2010	21a-70(a)
Sec. 73	October 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 74	from passage	19a-26
Sec. 75	from passage	19a-77(b)
Sec. 76	October 1, 2010	20-254
Sec. 77	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 78	July 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 79	from passage	19a-7f
Sec. 80	October 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 81	July 1, 2010	12-743(b)
Sec. 82	from passage	New section
Sec. 83	from passage	New section
Sec. 84	from passage	New section
Sec. 85	from passage	New section
Sec. 86	from passage	19a-25g
Sec. 87	from passage	1-79(1)
Sec. 88	from passage	1-120(1)

Sec. 89	from passage	1-124
Sec. 90	from passage	1-125
Sec. 91	October 1, 2010	20-631
Sec. 92	October 1, 2010	New section
Sec. 93	October 1, 2010	Repealer section
Sec. 94	January 1, 2011	Repealer section